HITACHI INVERTER

J100U2 SERIES

INSTRUCTION MANUAL

Three phase input 200V/400V class

J100U2: USA version

(UL listed, CSA certified)

J100₂:

Japanese version

After reading this manual, keep it at hand for future reference.

NB497X

Hitachi, Ltd.
Tokyo Japan

SAFETY

For the Best Results with L50 (J50) Series inverter, read this manual carefully before operating it, and follow the instructions exactly. Keep this manual handy for your quick reference.

Definitions and Symbols

A safety instruction (message) is given with a hazard alert symbol and a signal word; WARNING or CAUTION. Each signal word has the following meaning throughout this manual.



This is the "Safety Alert Symbol.." This symbol is used to call your attention to items or operations that could be dangerous to your or other persons operating this equipment. Read these messages and follow these instructions carefully.



WARNING WARNING: personal danger

Warning notes indicate any condition or practice, which if not strictly observed, could result in personal injury or possible death.



CAUTION CAUTION: Possible damage to equipment

Caution notes indicate any condition or practice, which if not strictly observed or conjected, could result in damage or destruction of the equipment.

NOTE

NOTE: Notes indicate an area or subject of special merit, emphasizing either the product's capabilities or common errors in operation or maintenance.

DANGER HIGH VOLTAGE



Motor control equipment and electronic controllers are connected to hazardous line voltages. When servicing drives and electronic controllers, there might be exposed components with cases or protrusions at or above line potential. Extreme care should be taken to protect against shock. Stand on an insulating pad and make it a habit to use only one hand when checking components. Always work with another person in case an emergency occurs. Disconnect power whenever possible before checking controllers or performing maintenance. Be sure equipment is properly grounded. Wear safety glasses whenever working on an electronic controllers or rotating electrical equipment.

PRECAUTIONS

A WARNING: This equipment should be installed, adjusted and serviced by qualified electrical maintenance personal familiar with the construction and operation of the equipment and the hazards involved. Failure to observe this precaution could result in bodily injury.

A WARNING: The user is responsible for ensuring that all driven machinery, drive train mechanism not supplied by Hitachi, Ltd., and process line material are capable of safe operation at an applied frequency of 150% of the maximum selected frequency range to the AC motor. Failure to do so can result in destruction of equipment and injury to personnel should a single point failure occur.

A WARNING: For protection, install an earth leakage breaker type with a high frequency circuit capable of large currents to avoid an unnecessary operation. The ground fault protection circuit is not designed to protect personal injury.

A WARNING: Hazard of electrical shock. Disconnect incoming power before working on this control.

A WARNING: Dangerous voltage exists until charge lamp is off.

A WARNING: Separate motor overcurrent, overload and overheating protection is required to be provided in accordance with the safety codes required by jurisdictional authorities.

A WARNING: Overspeed protection is not provided.

A CAUTION: These instructions should be read and clearly understood before working on J100 series equipment.

A CAUTION: Proper grounds, disconnecting devices and other safety devices and their location are the responsibility of the user and are not provided by Hitachi, Ltd.

A CAUTION: Provide a motor thermal switch (relay) or overload detection device to protect the motor against everload.

A CAUTION: Rotating shafts and above ground electrical potentials can be hazardous. Therefore, it is strongly recommended that all electrical work conform to the National Electrical Codes and local regulations. Installation, alignment and maintenance should be performed only by qualified personnel.

Factory recommended test procedures, included in the instruction manual, should be followed. Always disconnect electrical power before working on the unit.

ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONS

(for users of J100U2 series inverters)

Observe the following precautions in cases where the J100U2 series inverter is used as a device conforming to the UL standard:

A CAUTION: Install in a minimum 50 by 50 by 30 cm enclosure, with internal enclosure ambient maintained at maximum 40°C.

A CAUTION: Class 1 wiring rated minimum XXX V is to be used for all connections. (XXX=300 for LFU2, 600 for HFU2).

A CAUTION: External overload protection must be provided.

A CAUTION: Remove the protective top and bottom vent covers before operation if they are provided.

(Note that no vent covers come standard with the J100U2 series.)

A CAUTION: The inverter is suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than 5,000 rms symmetrical amperes, XXX V maximum. (XXX=230 for LFU2,

480 for HFU2 units)

Observe the following precautions in cases where the J100U2 series inverter is used as a device conforming to the CSA standard:

A WARNING: SEPARATE MOTOR OVERCURRENT, OVERLOAD AND OVER-HEATING PROTECTION IS REQUIRED TO BE PROVIDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CANADIAN ELECTRICAL CODE, PART I.

A AVERTISSEMENT: LE MOTEUR DOIT ETRE MUNI D'UNE PROTECTION DISTINCTE CONTRE LES SURINTENSITES, LA SUR-CHARGE ET LA SURCHAUFFE, CONFORMEMENT AU CODE CANADIEN DE L'ELECTRICITE, PREMIERE PARTIE.

 $oldsymbol{\Lambda}$ WARNING: USE A NOISE FILTER FOR INPUT AND OUTPUT OF THE

INVERTER.

A AVERTISSEMENT: UTILISE UN FILTRE ANTIPARASITE POUR L'ENTREE

ET LA SORTIEDE L'INVERTISSEUR.

A CAUTION: FOR ALARM CIRCUIT; "WORKING VOLTAGE: MAX. 50 V"

Revision History Table

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1. SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

A WARNING: Read carefully the precautions on pages ii and iii, and follow them.

1.1 Input voltage

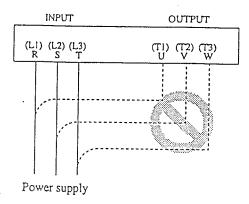
- Make sure that the input voltage is: Three phase 200 to 220 V/50 Hz, 200 to 230 V/60 Hz
 Three phase 380 to 415 V/50 Hz, 400 to 460 V/60 Hz
- Be sure to install an earth leakage breaker.

 The ground fault protection is designed to detect current flowing to the ground upon power on. This function is to protect the inverter, not people. Install the earth leakage breaker to protect against the ground fault on wires between the inverter and the motor. (Use a breaker whose sensitive current level is raised in the high frequency area so as not to cause malfunction.)

1.2 Installation locations and surfaces

- Avoid installing this unit in locations which are subjected to high temperatures, high
 humidity, or dew condensation. Also avoid locations exposed to dust and dirt, corrosive
 gases, coolant mist. The installation location should be a well-ventilated room which is
 not exposed to direct sunlight.
- Be sure to install the unit on a perpendicular wall which is not subjected to vibrations.
- The installation wall should be made of steel sheeting or other nonflammable material.

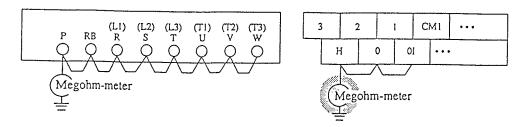
1.3 Do not connect the power supply to the output, this will damage the inverter.



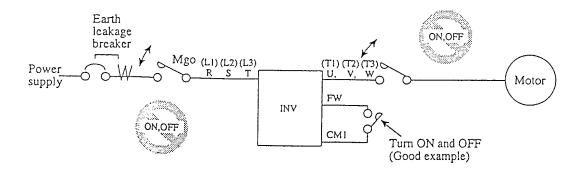
- 1.4 Do not touch the interior of the inverter or put rods or other objects inside it when power is applied. Such action can lead to electrocution and can cause malfunctions.
- 1.5 When operating a general-purpose motor at a high frequency exceeding 60 Hz, be sure to verify with the manufacturers the maximum rpm of the motor and machine.

1.6 Withstand voltage tests and insulation resistance tests (megger tests) are executed before the units are shipped, so that there is no need to conduct these tests before operation.

When conducting megger tests as a part of daily inspection, be sure that these tests are only executed between the main circuit and the ground. Do not execute megger tests on the control circuit.

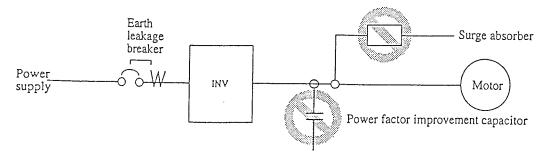


- 1.7 Do not attach or remove wiring or connectors when power is applied. Also, do not check signals during operation.
- Do not stop operation by switching off the electromagnetic contactors on the primary or secondary sides of the inverter.



When there has been an instantaneous power failure, and if an operation instruction has been given, then the unit may restart operation after the power failure has ended. If there is a possibility that such an occurrence may harm humans, then install an electromagnetic contactor (Mgo) on the power supply side, so that the circuit does not allow automatic restarting after the power supply recovers. If the optional remote operator is used and the retry function has been selected, this will also cause automatic restarting when an operation instruction has been input, so please be careful.

1.9 Do not insert power factor improvement capacitors or surge absorbers between the output terminals of the inverter and the motor.



- 1.10 Be sure to ground the grounding terminal, $G(\stackrel{\frown}{=})$.
- Disconnect incoming power and confirm that the CHARGE lamp beside the control terminal no longer blinks before working on this inverter.(Dangerous voltage exist when the lamp is lit or blinking.)

1.12 MOTOR TERMINAL SURGE VOLTAGE SUPPRESSION FILTER (FOR THE 400 V CLASS)

In a system using an inverter of the voltage control PWM system, a surge voltage caused by the cable constants such as the cable length (especially when the distance between the motor and inverter is 10 m or more) and cabling method may occur at the motor terminal. A dedicated filter of the 400 V class for suppressing this surge voltage is available, Please order one.

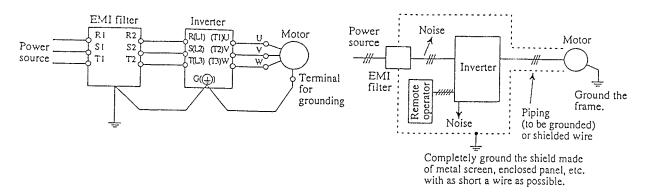
1.13 PROTECTION AGAINST NOISE INTERFERENCE FROM INVERTER

The inverter uses many semiconductor switching elements such as transistors and IGBTs. Thus, a radio set or measuring instrument located near the inverter is susceptible to noise interference.

To protect the instruments from erroneous operation due to noise interference, they should be installed well apart from the inverter. It is also effective to shield the whole inverter structure.

Addition of an EMI filter on the input side of the inverter also reduces the effect of noise from commercial power line on external devices.

Note that external dispersion of noise from the power line can be minimized by connecting an EMI filter on the primary side of inverter.



1.14 EFFECTS OF DISTRIBUTOR LINES ON INVERTERS

In the cases below involving a general-purpose inverter, a large peak current flows on the power supply side, sometimes destroying the converter module. Where such situations are foreseen, or the paired equipment must be highly reliable, install an AC reactor between the power supply and the inverter.

- (A) The unbalance factor of the power supply is 3% or higher.
- (B) The power supply capacity is at least 10 times greater than the inverter capacity (and the power supply capacity, 500 kVA or more).
- (C) Abrupt power supply changes are expected. Examples:
 - (1) Several inverters are interconnected with a short bus.
 - (2) A thyristor converter and an inverter are interconnected with a short bus.
 - (3) An installed phase advance capacitor opens and closes.

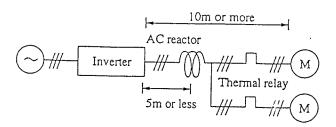
In cases (A), (B) or (C), we recommend installing an AC reactor of 3% (in a voltage drop at rated current) with respect to the supply voltage on the power supply side.

- 1.15 When occurring an EEPROM error ([]), be sure to confirm the setting value again.
- 1.16 When setting b contact to the reverse command ([RV] terminal), the inverter starts automatically. Do not set to b contact.
- 1.17 Do not short-circuit the control terminals H and L. The control board or control power supply may cause a failure.
- 1.18 Provide a thermal relay to protect the motor against overload.
 - (A) If the wiring distance between the inverter and motor is 10 m or less:

 Increase the thermal relay setting to approximately 10% larger than the motor rated current.
 - (B) If the wiring distance between the inverter and motor exceeds 10 m.

 Insert the AC reactor on the inverter output side (within 5 m of the inverter) and increase the thermal relay setting to approximately 10% larger than the motor rated current.

Example:

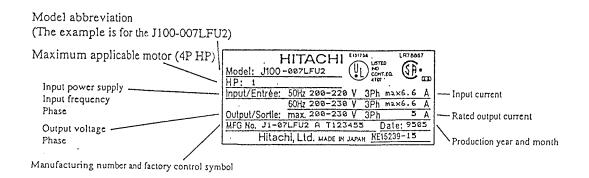


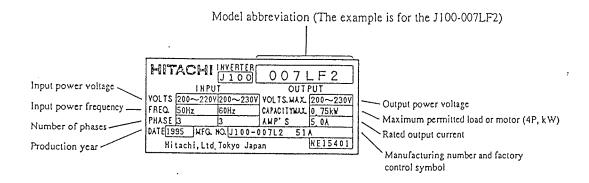
As shown, this is a case where two motors are connected to a single inverter.

2. INSPECTION UPON UNPACKING

Before installation and wiring, be sure to check the following:

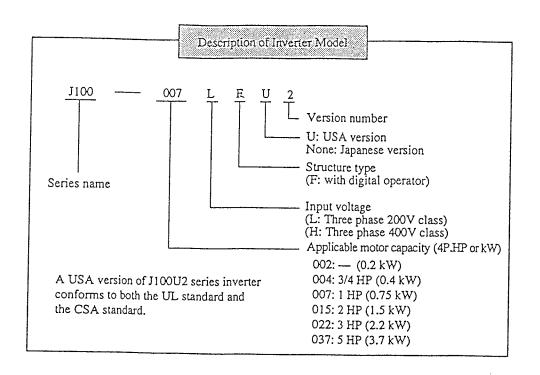
- Make sure that there was no damage during transportation the unit.
- After unpacking the unit, make sure that the package contains one inverter and one operation manual
- Make sure that the product is the one you ordered by checking the specifications label on the front of the cover.





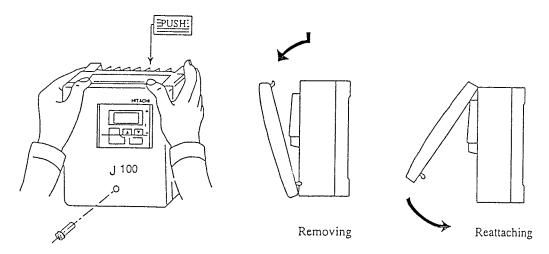
Contents of Specifications Label

If you discover any problems, contact your sales agent immediately.

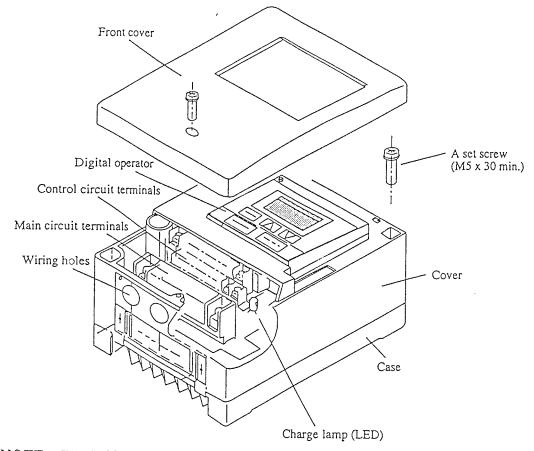


3. APPEARANCE AND NAMES OF PARTS

3.1 Removing and reattaching the front cover



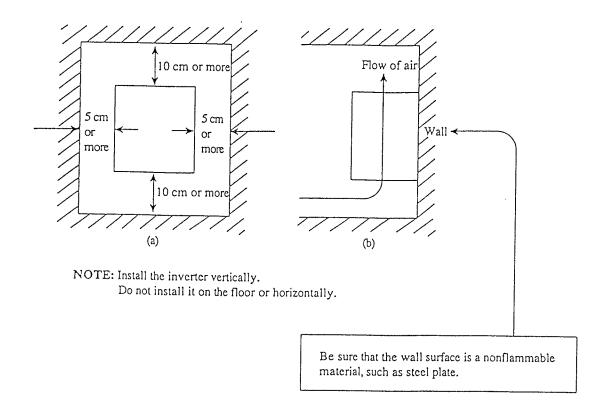
3.2 Names of parts



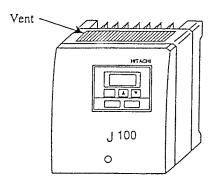
NOTE: The $J100_2$ series inverter has no set screws to fasten the front cover to its body and can be identified with the symbol "J100-A" printed on the cover.

4. INSTALLATION

For cooling purposes, be sure that the inverter is installed vertically. In addition, be sure that it is separated from other components and walls. If foreign matter is introduced into the interior of the inverter, this may cause malfunctions, so make sure that no foreign matter can enter it.



During wiring or other work, do not allow any wire scraps, welding fragments, iron scraps, dust, etc. to enter into the inverter, therefore be sure to cover the top of the inverter before working.



Be sure to check the ambient temperature (-10 to 40°C).

(Up to 50° C with the front cover removed, in the case of a Japanese version of $J100_2$ series inverter.)

The higher the ambient temperature inside the inverter, the shorter its life will be. If a heat generating unit is used near the inverter, try to keep it as far away as possible. Also, when installing the inverter in a box, be sure to carefully consider ventilation and the dimensions.

See the mounting dimension diagram for details (PAGE 12-6).

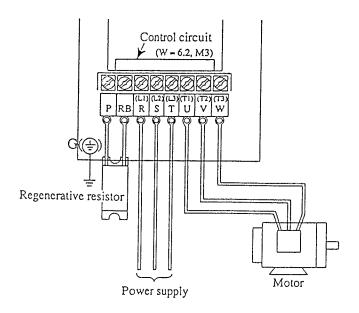
Be sure to install the inverter in the box for use.

A CAUTION: If the inverter is to be used as a device conforming to the UL standard, install in a minimum 50 by 50 by 30 cm enclosure, with internal enclosure ambient maintained at maximum 40°C.

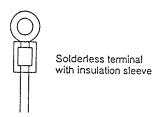
5. WIRING

The terminal board will be exposed when the front cover is removed. Wire the inverter in this state.

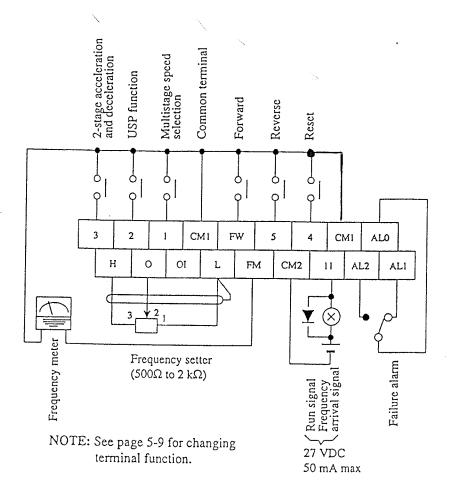
5.1 Wiring the power supply and motor



- The inverter will be damaged if the power supply is connected to the motor terminals U, V and W, so be sure not to make any mistakes.
- Because the terminals R(L1), S(L2), T(L3), U(T1), V(T2) and W(T3) are very close to
 one another, be sure to cover the solderless terminals with insulation sleeves.

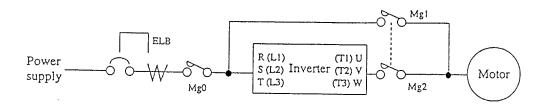


- If multiple motors are to be connected, be sure to provide a thermal relay to each motor.
- See the page 5-8 on the terminal dimensions.



Control circuit terminal diagram

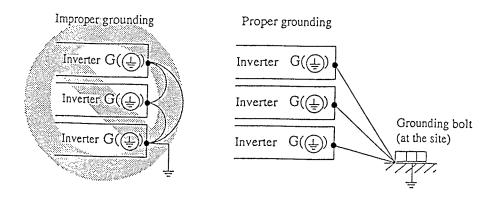
NOTE 1: When changing the power supply of the motor between the inverter and commercial power, be sure to install mechanically interlocked switches Mg1 and Mg2.



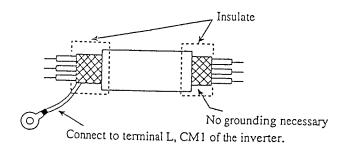
NOTE 2: Install an earth leakage breaker at the input of the inverter. (Select an earth leakage breaker whose sensitive current level is raised in high frequency range.) When the cable between the inverter and motor is more than 10 m long, the thermal relay may malfunction due to high-frequency waves. To prevent this, install an AC reactor on the output side of the inverter or use a current sensor rather than a thermal relay.

NOTE 3: Be sure that the specified grounding is carried out. Be sure to separate the unit's grounding pole from those of other heavy electric machinery, and avoid using common grounding poles.

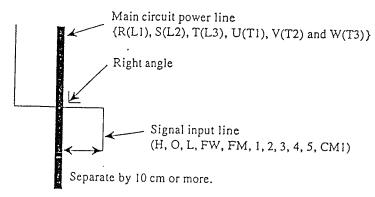
If multiple inverters are used, make sure that the grounding connections do not create a loop.



- NOTE 4: When a frequency arrival signal is used, be sure to install a surge absorbing diode in parallel with the relay. Otherwise, the surge voltage created when the relay goes ON or OFF may damage the AR output circuit.
- NOTE 5: Use a twisted and shielded wire for the signal line, and cut the shielded covering as shown in the diagram below. Make sure that the length of the signal line is 20 meters or less. If the line must be longer than 20 meters, please use a VX application control device RCD-A (remote control device) or CVD-E (insulated signal converter).



- NOTE 6: When the frequency setting signal is turned on and off with a contact, use a relay which will not cause contact malfunctions, even with the extremely weak currents and voltages, such as crossbar twin contacts, etc.
- NOTE 7: Use relays which do not have contact defects at 24 V DC, 3 mA for the other terminals.
- NOTE 8: Separate the main circuit wiring from the relay control circuit wiring. If they must cross, be sure that they cross at a right angle.

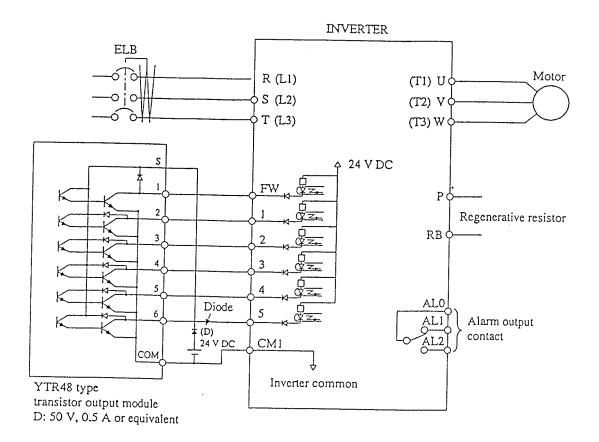


- NOTE 9: Insulate frequency analog command input terminal L from the common terminal for peripheral devices such as the programmable controller.
- NOTE10: Do not short-circuit the terminals H and L.

 The control board or control power supply may cause a failure.

Precaution for connection to the programmable controller

When using the transistor output module of the programmable controller, connect a reverse current prevention diode (D) to the external equipment interface power source as shown in the drawing below.



Wiring Equipment, Options 5.2

A CAUTION: Provide the wiring equipment in accordance with the safety codes required by jurisdictional authorities.

> The table below is an example selected out of the Hitachi's standard distribution equipment.

> If specified in the standard or laws and regulations, follow their instructions.

A CAUTION: Observe the precautions on page iii in cases where the J100U2 series inverter is used as a device conforming to the UL and/or the CSA standard.

	Motor		Wi	ring	Applicable	equipment
Power supply	output HP (kW)	model model	Sines Sines Streaker (ELB) Contactor			
0,0,0,	(0.2)	J100-002LFU2 (J100-002LF2)	1.25 mm²		EX30 (5A)	H20
ELB	3/4 (0.4)	J100-004LFU2 (J100-004LF2)	1.25 mm²	0.75 mm ²	EX30 (10A)	H20
	(0.75)	J100-007LFU2 (J100-007LF2)	2 mm²	1	EX30 (10A)	H20
9999 Magnetic	2 (1.5)	J100-015LFU2 (J100-015LF2)	2 mm²		EX30 (15A)	H25
of of contactor	3 (2.2)	J100-022LFU2 (J100-022LF2)	2 mm²		EX30 (20A)	H20
	5 (3.7)	J100-037LFU2 (J100-037LF2)	3.5 mm²		EX30 (30A)	H20
	2 (1.5)	J100-015HFU2 (J100-015HF2)	2 mm²		EX30 (10A)	H10C
	3 (2.2)	J100-022HFU2 (J100-022HF2)	2 mm²		EX30 (15A)	H20
	5 (3.7)	J100-037HFU2 (J100-037HF2)	2 mm²		EX30 (15A)	H20

NOTE 1: The applicable equipment is for a Hitachi standard four pole squirrel-cage motor.

NOTE 2: Be sure to consider the capacity of the circuit breaker to be used.

NOTE 3: Be sure to use bigger wires for power lines if the distance exceeds 20 m.

NOTE 4: Install an earth leakage breaker at the input.

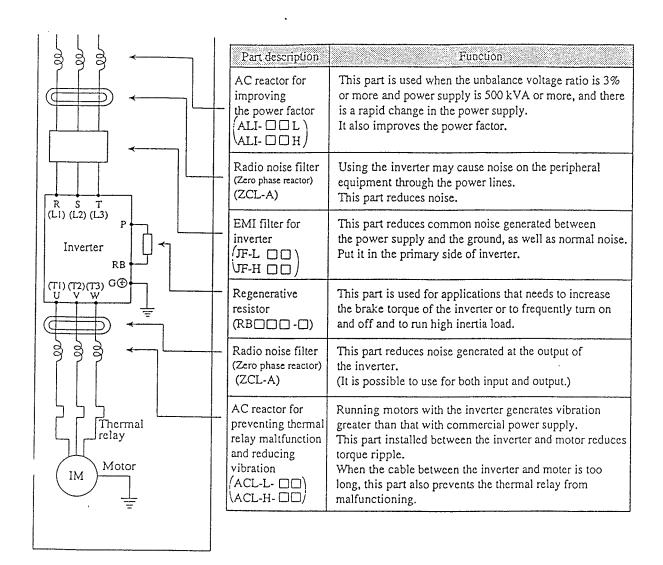
(*) Use 1.25 mm² wire for the alarm signal wire.

Classify the detective current of the earth leakage breaker depending on the total distance between the inverter and the motor.

l	Detective current (mA)
100 m and less	30
300 m and less	100
600 m and less	200

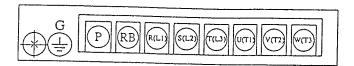
NOTE 1: When using CV wire and metal tube, the leakage current is around 30 mA/km.

NOTE 2: When using CV wire and metal tube, the leakage current becomes eight times because IV wires have a high dielectric constant.



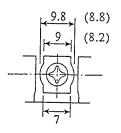
5.3 Terminal

Main circuit terminal



Control circuit terminal

3	_:	2			CI	MI	F	₩	3	5	Γ.	4	CI	ΜI	Al	ما	
F	1	()	С)1	I	-	F	М	C۱	12	1	l	Al	_2	A	LI



Main circuit terminal dimensions in the parentheses: 002-015LFU2 (002-015LF2)

Tighten terminals to 12.2 kgf.cm.

	Screw diameter	Width (mm)
Main circuit	M4 ·	(8.8) 9.8
Control circuit	М3	6.2
Grounding	M4	

Dimension

Main circuit

Terminal symbol	Terminal description	Function	
(L1)(L2)(L3) R, S, T	Main power	Connect the power supply	P RB R S T U V W
(T1)(T2)(T3) U,V,W	Inverter output	Connect the motor	Regenera- Motor
P,RB	External regenerative resistor	Connect a regenerative resistor (option)	resistor Power supply
G (1)	Ground	Ground (connect grounding to avoid electric shock)	

▲ CAUTION: Use 60/75°C copper wire for load and line connections.

▲ CAUTION: Use class 1 wire only, rated minimum 300 V for LFU2, 600 V for HFU2.

Control circuit

	Terminal symbol	Terminal description and function	Initial setting J100U2 J100g	Remarks	
	FW	Forward operation		Dry contact	
	5	Intelligent input terminals 1 to 5	Reverse running command	Close: ON (run) Open: OFF (stop)	
	4	Reverse running Initialization USP function	Reset input (NOTE 2)		
	3	Multistage speed 2nd setting Reset (First stage) function	2 stage acc/dec.	Min. ON time: 12 ms or more	
Input, monitor	2	Multistage speed 2 stage acc/dec. Terminal	USP function Multistage speed (Second		
signal	1	Multistage speed (NOTE 3) (NOTE 3) External DC External trip	Multistage speed (First stage)		
		Damping one of the above is selected.			
	FM	Analog frequency monitor/Digital frequency monitor/Analog output current monitor	Analog frequency		
	CMI	Common for input and monitor			
Frequency command	Н	Power supply for frequency command		5 VDC	
input	0	Voltage frequency command		0-5 VDC (nominal) 0-10 VDC (nominal) (Input impedance 30 kΩ)	
	OI	Current frequency command		DC 4-20 mA (nominal) Input impedance 250Ω	
······································	L	Common for frequency command			
Output signal		Intelligent output terminal One of frequency arrival signal, RUN signal, and Overload advance notice signal is selected.	arminal alamat	27 VDC 50 mA max	
	CM2	Common for output			
Fault alarm output	AL0		tact rating VAC 2.5 A (Resistor lo		
	AL2		0.2 A (cosø=0.4) 10 mA VDC 3.0 A (Resistor load) 5 VDC 0.7 A (cosø=0.4) 100 mA		
		NOTE: When using an inverter that conforms to CSA Working voltage: Max. 50 V	A standard, use DC-power s	upply.	

NOTE 1: USP: Prevention function of restart upon power on.

NOTE 2: The reset terminal cannot be changed from "a contact" (NO) to "b contact" (NC).

NOTE 3: When the software is to be locked by the terminal 3 in the same way as with the J100U series, it is necessary to switch the terminal. (See page 7-14.)

6. OPERATION

6.1 Before Starting Operation

Prior to the test run, check the following.

- (1) Make sure that the power lines (input power supply R(L1), S(L2) and T(L3), and output terminals, U(T1), V(T2) and W(T3) are connected correctly.
- (2) Make sure that there are no mistakes in the signal line connections.
- (3) Make sure that the inverter case $(G \stackrel{\frown}{=})$ is grounded.
- (4) Make sure that terminals other than those specified are not grounded.
- (5) Make sure that the inverter is installed vertically on a wall, and a nonflammable material such as a steel plate is used as a mounting surface.
- (6) Make sure that there are no short-circuits caused by stray pieces of wire, solderless terminals or other objects left from wiring work. Also, make sure that no tools have been left behind.
- (7) Make sure that the output wires are not short-circuited or grounded.
- (8) Make sure that there are no loose screws or terminals.
- (9) Make sure that the maximum frequency setting matches the machine specifications.
- (10) With the digital operator removed, do not operate the inverter. Make sure that the digital operator or remote operator is connected before operating the inverter.

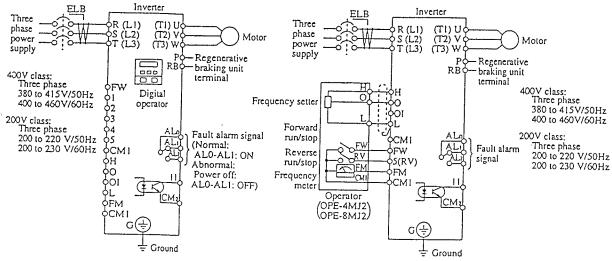
Be sure to refer to page 11-2 when conducting insulation resistance and withstand voltage tests. Never test terminals other than those which are indicated.

6.2 Test Run

An example of a general connection diagram is shown below.

Operating with digital operator: When setting frequency, run and stop with digital operator. (The same way as remote operator (DOP) or copy with (DRW).)

Running from external command: When setting frequency, run and stop from external command (FW,RV Terminal.) The following shows run from the operation box (OPE-4MJ2,OPE-8MJ2)



Procedure(Operating with digital operator)

- (1) Turn on ELB to supply power to the inverter. Make sure that the POWER LED on the digital operator goes ON.
- (2) Make sure that F G is set to OO.
- (3) Press 概能 twice and display F 2.
- (4) Set frequency with . Check the output frequency and direction of revolution.
- (5) Press Run and start to run.
- (6) Press (等止/リセット stop/RESET) and decelerate to a stop.

Check the following after the test run is complete.

- Was the direction of the motor correct?
- Was the inverter tripped during acceleration or deceleration?
- Were the rpm and frequency meter correct?
- Were there any abnormal motor vibrations or noise?

When overcurrent tripping or overvoltage tripping occurs during the test run, increase the acceleration time or deceleration time.

Factory settings

Maximum frequency: 60 Hz Forward operation

7. FUNCTION OF CONTROL CIRCUIT TERMINAL

7.1 List of Control Circuit Terminals

The initialization of the intelligent input terminals is "a contact" (they turn on when short-circuited). When they are to be used in the b contact state, it is necessary to switch the setting by [[] 2 [] .

Γτ	ermina	.1		
1	ymbol	" Fun	ction	Contents
	FW	Forward run/stop	_	SWF Contact (close): Forward run (open): Stop
	RV	Reverse runt/stop		SWR Contact (close): Reverse run (open): Stop Terminal 5: RV Both contacts SWF and SWR are close-stop.
	CF1	pea	SW1	Frequency (Hz) Fourth Speed Third Speed Speed Third Speed Terminal 1: CF1 Terminal 2: CF2 Terminal 3: CF3
(1	CF2	Multistage speed	SW2	First speed Switch Time Time Terminal 5: RV Terminal 5: RV
5) (NOTE 1)	CF3	_	SW3	SW2 ON
ls (1 to	DB External DC braking			When the terminal [DB] is turned on, the DC braking operation can be performed.
at termina	STN	Initializa	tion	This function is used for initialization (state which is set at factory before shipment). When the terminal [STN] is turned on and the equipment is reset or the power is turned on again, the equipment will be initialized.
Intelligent input terminals (1 to	SET	2nd settir function	ng	When the terminal (SET) is turned on, the set frequency, torque boost, acceleration and deceleration time, second acceleration and deceleration time, and control system can be changed in a batch.
Intel	2CH	2 stage accelerati and decele		When the terminal [2CH] is turned on, the acceleration and deceleration can be executed by the 2 stage acceleration and deceleration time.
	FRS	Free run s	stop	When the terminal [FRS] is turned on, the inverter stops output and the motor enters the free run state.
	EXT	External t	rip	When the terminal [EXT] is turned on, the inverter enters the trip state, stops output, and displays E12.
	USP	Power recrestart prevention	1	When the terminal [USP] is turned on, the restart when the power is turned on with the running command kept on can be prevented.
	RS	Reset		When the terminal [RS] is turned on, the trip state can be canceled. During running, the output is stopped. NOTE: The function cannot be used in the b contact state.
	SFT	Software I	lock	When the terminal [SFT] is turned on, the data of each function is locked. However, the running monitor and frequency setting are valid.
Cì		Common terminal 1		Common terminal for running terminal, intelligent terminal or monitor terminal

NOTE 1: "b contact" is set by initialization for terminal 2. When "a contact" is to be used, change the contact setting by [120]. (J100U2 series)

	erminal mbol	Function	Contents
p	Н	Power supply terminal to command a frequency	• Standard setting for external voltage signal is 0 to 4.8 V (5 V nominal). Voltage input 0 to 9.6 V (10 V nominal) can be switched by
Frequency command	0	Frequency command terminal (voltage command)	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Frequ	OI	Frequency command terminal (current command)	NOTE: When an inconvernience occurs in the abov characteristics, adjust it using $\boxed{\beta \ \beta \ }$ and $\boxed{\beta \ \beta \ }$. The sum of both analog input signals is outputted.
	L	Frequency command common	When selecting one of analog input current and voltage, make sure that the other is not inputted.
Monitor terminal	FM	Frequency monitor	Analog frequency monitor/Digital frequency monitor/Analog output current monitor
Monitor	СМ1	Input monitor signal common	Command terminal for the operation, software lock, and monitor terminals.
elligent output terminal 11 (NOTE 2)	AR	Frequency arrival signal	When [AR] is selected as a terminal, at the time of constant speed arrival, two types of methods for outputting a frequency more than an optionally set frequency can be executed. Frequency
lligent o	RUN	RUN signal	When [RUN] is selected as a terminal, the inverter outputs when the motor is driven.
Inte	OL	Overload previous notice signal	When [OL] is selected as a terminal, a current more than the set current (rate to the rated current) is outputted.
С	M2	Output signal common terminal	Common terminal for intelligent output terminal
A	LO		In the normal state: AL0 and AL1 are closed. NOTE: When using an
Α	Ll	Alarm terminal	In the abnormal state or when power is turned off: ALO and AL2 are closed. (At the time of initialization) inverter that conforms to CSA standard, use
Α	L2		Contact rating 250 V AC 0.2 A (resistance load) 0.2 A (cosø = 0.4) 30 V DC 3.0 A (resistance load) 0.7 A (cosø = 0.4) Minimum 100 V C C V DC A (cosø = 0.4) Max. 50 V
	VTF 2.	Un none and :	[100 V AC 10 mA 5 V DC 100 mA]

NOTE 2: "a contact" is set by initialization for terminal 11. When "b contact" is to be used, switch the contact setting by [] 2 |

Terminal name: Monitor terminal [FM] (Analog, digital)

Function No. to be set

A|50, A|51, and F|10

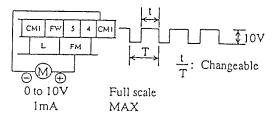
Function contents

Monitor output frequency signal or the current of the inverter is output from the control circuit terminal.

Monitor output current signal is output as an analog signal only.

① Analog Frequency Monitor Signal

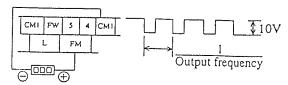
The meter outputs duty cycle in proportion to the output frequency with full scale at the maximum frequency.



NOTE: This is a dedicated indicator, so that it cannot be used as a line speed signal.

Indication accuracy after adjustment: About ±5% (The accuracy of some meters may exceed this value.)

② Digital Frequency Monitor Signal Pulse train of a frequency which is the same as the output frequency is output. The duty is about 50%.



③ Analog Current Monitor Signal The duty cycle in proportion to the output current with full scale at 200% of the rated current of the inverter. Specification of analog meter follows the analog frequency monitor specifications.

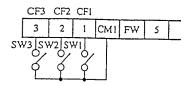
Setting contents

- 1. Select Frequency Monitor or Current Monitor by [A 51].
- 2. When Frequency Monitor is selected, select Analog Meter or Digital Meter by A 50. (When Current Monitor is selected, analog data is outputted even if Digital Meter is selected.)
- 3. When the analog meter is used, adjust the meter so that the needle of the meter indicates the maximum value at the time of maximum frequency by F 10 (analog meter adjustment).

7.3 Function Contents of Intelligent Input Terminals

Tanction Contents of Intemperit Input	
Terminal name: Reverse running/stop terminal [RV]	Function No. C 0 to C 4 to be set
Function content	Precautions
When the running command is inputted via the terminal [RV], the terminal executes the reverse running command or stop command. Terminal setting method Digital operator [RV] terminal setting (This is set in the terminal 5 at the time of initialization.) Set the set value [Reverse running command] O in one of the input terminals C O to C 4.	 When the running command is inputted via the forward running terminal [FW] and reverse running terminal [RV] at the same time, the running command enters a state which is the same as stop. When the power is turned on when the running command is on, the motor starts rotation and it is dangerous. Before turning the power on, confirm that the running command is not on. Note that when the [RV] terminal is set to "b contact", the running automatically starts.
Terminal name: Multispeed [CF1], [CF2], [CF3]	Function No. C 0 to C 4, F 2 to be set A 12 to A 17, A 71
Function content	④ Press the RUNC key once so as to store the
 When [CF1], [CF2], and [CF3] are selected as intelligent input terminals, Multispeed 1 to Multispeed 7 can be set. When the frequency command from the normal operator (or terminal) is combined with them, up to 8 stages of running are available. When the control terminal is set at each speed by the switch, the numerical value displayed at F 2 indicates the output 	set frequency. If this occurs, F 2 indicates the output frequency of Multispeed n. (5) Press the A and v keys once. (Confirm that the indication is the same as the set frequency.) (6) When the operations in (1) to (4) are repeated, the frequency of Multispeed n can be set. It can be set also by one of A 12 to A 17 and A 71.
frequency at the time of each multispeed. Set the speed as shown below.	Terminal setting method
 Turn the running command off. Turn each switch on and set it to Multispeed n. Display the data section of F 2. Set an optional output frequency by pressing the	Set the set values 1, 2, and 3 in one of the input terminals C 0 to C 4.

Example of output terminal connection

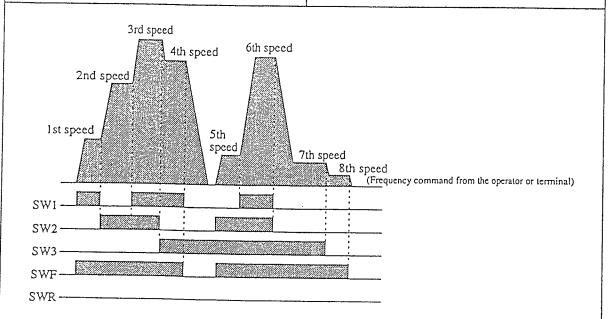


Setting of multispeed

Multispeed	Cont	Control circuit terminal				
Multispeed	SWI	SW2	SW3			
Multispeed 1	ON	OFF				
Multispeed 2	OFF	ON	OFF			
Multispeed 3	ON	ON	1			
Multispeed 4	ON	OFF				
Multispeed 5	OFF	ON	1			
Multispeed 6	ON	ON	ON			
Multispeed 7	OFF	OFF				

Precautions

- Up to the third speed of the multispeed can be set by initialization. When CF3 (allocated to the terminal 3 in this case) is set by the extended function mode C 2, up to the seventh speed can be set.
- After any data is changed, be sure to press the FUNC key every time and then set the next one. Note that when the FUNC key is not pressed, no data will be set.
- When a frequency more than 120 Hz is to be set, it is necessary to switch the maximum frequency (A 64).



Terminal name: External DC damping [DB]

Function No. C 0 to C 4 to be set A 21, A 22, A 56

Function content

 When the terminal [DB] is turned on, the DC braking [DB] operation can be performed.

Necessary setting items when the external DC braking terminal is used

Set the following when the external DC braking terminal is to be used.

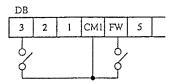
- ① A 56 DC braking type selection
- ② A 21 DC braking force setting
- 3 A 22 DC braking time setting

DC braking execution method

When the operation type is an edge operation

Turn the switch between [DB] and [CM1] on and output DC braking only for the time of A 22 DC braking time selection (at the time of stop).

• When the operation type is a level operation Output DC braking when the switch between [DB] and [CM1] is on. Time setting is not related to it.



When [DB] is allocated to the terminal 3

Precautions

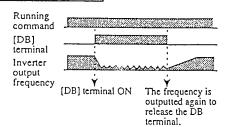
 As the DC braking force and DC braking time are increased, overload protection (E 5) is easily generated.

Terminal setting method

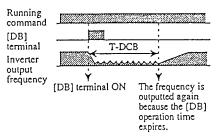
Digital operator ·

Set the set value $\boxed{4}$ in one of the input terminals \boxed{C} $\boxed{0}$ to \boxed{C} $\boxed{4}$.

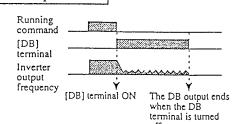
Level operation 1



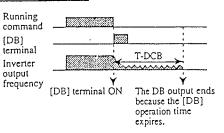
Edge operation 1



Level operation 2



Edge operation 2



	Termin	al name: Initialization Function No. C 0 to C 4 (factory delivery state) [STN] to be set
		ning the equipment to the initial state at factory before shipment for some reason, following procedure.
① Allocate [STN] (set value 5) to one of the input intelligent terminals. (Use C 4 in the extended function mode to set an intelligent terminal.) ② Turn the switch between the [STN] and [CM1] terminals on and then turn the power of on or perform the reset operation as shown in Note 1. (After the power is turned off, of turn the power on again before the charge lamp of the logic substrate goes off.) ③ When 6 seconds or more pass after the power is turned on or the reset operation is perform the switch between the [STN] and [CM1] terminals off. (When the key operation operation, or power turning operation is performed before 6 seconds pass, the equipment of the initialized.)		In the extended function mode to set an intelligent terminal.) It is switch between the [STN] and [CM1] terminals on and then turn the power off and reform the reset operation as shown in Note 1. (After the power is turned off, do not power on again before the charge lamp of the logic substrate goes off.) Seconds or more pass after the power is turned on or the reset operation is performed, switch between the [STN] and [CM1] terminals off. (When the key operation, reset n, or power turning operation is performed before 6 seconds pass, the equipment may
		For resetting, turn the switch between the [RS] and [CM1] terminals of the terminal block on and then off. When the software is locked, the equipment cannot be initialized.

Terminal name: 2nd setting function Function No. [SET] to be set to A 2, A 18, A 19, A 62, A 63, F 2, F 5 to F 8)

Function content

- When the terminal [SET] is turned on, it is possible to set two types of motor constants and execute running by one inverter.
- Select the second setting function when the equipment is stopped.

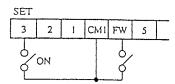
Functions which can be set by the second function

- F2: Output frequency setting
- F5: V/f pattern setting
- F6: Acceleration time 1 setting
- F7: Deceleration time 1 setting
- F8: Manual torque boost setting
- A0: Control method
- A1: Motor capacity setting
- A2: Motor poles setting
- A18: 2-stage acceleration time setting
- A19: 2-stage deceleration time setting
- A62: Base frequency setting
- A63: Maximum frequency setting

Function switching method

While the switch between the set terminals [SET] and [CM1] is on, the equipment is operated by the setting of the second function.

When the terminal is turned off, the setting is returned to the original setting (first function).



When [SET] is allocated to the terminal 3

How to set the monitor and function modes when the second function is executed

- To set the second set data, change the setting in the state that [SET] and [CM1] are turned on.
- Even when the [SET] terminal is switched during data display, the digital operator displays the same value and does not display the switched set data. When the display code is displayed, switch the [SET] terminal.
- In the digital operator, at the time of second setting, a decimal point is displayed in the first digit place of the data display section such as 22. However, when the acceleration and deceleration time, DC braking time adjustment time, and standby time after undervoltage display more than 100, it does not mean the second function setting. (When the remote operator is used for setting, there is no distinction display of the second setting. Confirm it from the state of ON or OFF of the terminal.)

Terminal setting method

terminals C 0 to C 4.

Precautions

 Connect and turn on the [SET] terminal before the running command terminals (FW and RV terminals). When they are connected and turned on at the same time, the setting may not be switched to the second setting.

Terminal name: Second stage acceleration and deceleration [2CH]

Function No. to be set

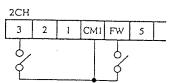
C 0 to C 4, A 18, A 19

Function content

 When the terminal [2CH] is turned on, the equipment can be accelerated or decelerated (acceleration time 2, deceleration time 2) by the 2 stage acceleration and deceleration time.

Function switching method

- While the switch between the set terminals [2CH] and [CM1] is on, the equipment operates by the 2 stage acceleration and deceleration time (acceleration time 2, deceleration time 2).
- When the terminal is turned off, the equipment is returned to the original acceleration and deceleration time (acceleration time 1, deceleration time 1).



When [2CH] is allocated to the terminal 3

Terminal setting method

Digital operator -

Set the set value 7 in one of the input terminals 0 to 0 to 4.

2 stage acceleration and deceleration time setting method

Use A 18 (acceleration time 2) and A 19 (deceleration time 2) to set the 2 stage acceleration and deceleration time (acceleration time 2, deceleration time 2).

Between terminals [2CH] and [CM1]	Acceleration and deceleration time for operation
OFF state	Acceleration time 1, Deceleration time 1
ON state	Acceleration time 2, Deceleration time 2

Precautions

When a time of more than 1000 seconds is set by the remote operator, the indication of the digital operator becomes _____. (However, the operation during the set time will be executed.)

Running command _	
[FW, REV]	:
[2CH] - terminal	
Output frequency	

Terminal name: Free run stop [FRS]

Function No. to be set

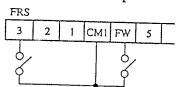
C 0 to C 4

Function content

• When the terminal [FRS] is turned on, the inverter stops output and the motor enters the free run state.

Function switching method

 While the switch between the set terminals [FRS] and [CM1] is on, the equipment operates the FRS operation.



When [FRS] is allocated to the terminal 3

NOTE: "a contact" is set by initialization.
When "b contact" is to be used,
switch the contact setting by

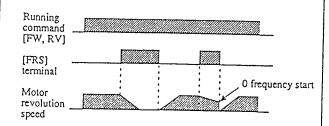
C 20.

The contact setting cannot be switched only by selecting FRS by switching C 0 to C 4

Terminal setting method

- Digital operator _______ Set the set value 8 in one of the

Set the set value 8 in one of the input terminals 0 to 0 to 4.



Terminal name: External trip [EXT] Function No. C 0 to C 4 to be set Function content Function switching method · When the terminal [EXT] is turned on, the When the switch between the set terminals inverter enters the trip state by an indica-[EXT] and [CM1] is turned on, the equipment tion of E 12 and stops output. enters the trip state. Even when the switch is turned off, the trip Terminal setting method state will not be canceled. Reset the equipment or turn the power off and on again to Digital operator cancel the trip state. EXT Set the set value 9 in one of the 3 CMI FW input terminals C 0 to C 4. 5 When [EXT] is allocated to the terminal 3 Running command [FW, RV] [EXT] terminal Motor revolution Free run speed [RS] terminal Alarm output

terminal

Terminal name: Prevention function of restart upon power on [USP]

Function No. to be set

C 0 to C 4

Function content

- If the running command is set when power is turned on, the inverter starts running immediately after it is activated. The USP function prevents it so that the inverter will not execute sudden running.
- To reset an alarm and restart running, turn the running command off (NOTE 1) or perform a reset operation by the terminal [RS] or the STOP/RESET key.

 Refer to the time chart indicated below.

NOTE 1: When the running command is turned off, the indication is switched to Err but the trip state will be canceled.

Set content

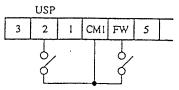
– Digital operator – – –

Set the set value $\boxed{10}$ in one of the input terminals \boxed{C} $\boxed{0}$ to \boxed{C} $\boxed{4}$.

NOTE 2: The contact setting cannot be switched only by selecting USP by switching C 0 to C 4.

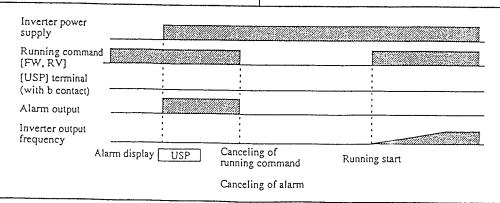
Function switching method

When b contact is set (initial setting for J100 U2 series), while the switch between the set terminals [USP] and [CM1] is off, the equipment executes the USP operation. If the power is turned on when the running command is inputted, the equipment enters the USP trip state (E 13).



When [USP] is allocated to the terminal 2 (Initialization of J100U2 series)

- Note that when a USP error occurs and it is canceled by resetting in the state that the running command from the terminal is inputted, the inverter restarts running immediately.
- Even when the trip state is canceled by turning the terminal [RS] on and off after an insufficient voltage protection (E 9) occurs, this function will be performed.
- When the running command is inputted immediately after the power is turned on, a USP error will be caused. When this function is used, input the running command two (2) seconds after the power is turned on.



Terminal name: Reset [RS]

Function No. to be set

α	33 C	11	2	ा	- A	
_		<u> </u>	$\cup_{i\in I}$	ایت	4	ŝ
2000	****				*********	Š

Function content

- The trip content can be canceled.
- The function is used to return each setting to the initialization (state which is set at factory before shipment). See page 7-7, "Initialization".
- The function is used to erase the trip history data. Set A 57 trip history clear selection.

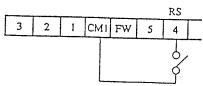
Terminal setting method

r Digital operator –

Set the set value 11 in one of the input terminals 0 to 0 to 1.

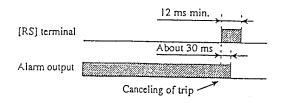
Function switching method

• When the switch between the set terminals [RS] and [CM1] is turned on and off, the equipment executes the reset operation. (Reset [RS] is allocated to the control terminal 4 by initialization.)



When [RS] is allocated to the terminal 4 (Initialization)

- When the [RS] terminal is turned off from on, it becomes valid.
- The 新文字 key of the digital operator is valid only when an alarm occurs.
- Only "a contact" (NO) can be set to the [RS] terminal. The terminal cannot be used in the "b contact" (NC) state.
- Even when the power is turned off or on, the function of the terminal is the same as that of the reset terminal.



Terminal name: Terminal software lock [SFT]

Function No. to be set

***		100000000		
0	0	to	C	4
000000	2000000		000000	9000000

Function content

 When the terminal [SFT] is turned on, the data of all the functions except the output frequency is locked by initialization.
 When the data is locked, no data can be changed.

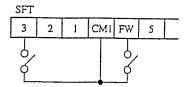
Terminal setting method

– Digital operator –

Set the set value $\boxed{12}$ in one of the input terminals \boxed{C} 0 to \boxed{C} 4.

Function switching method

When the switch between the set terminals [SFT] and [CM1] is turned on, the equipment enters the software lock state.



When [SFT] is allocated to the terminal 3

- When the [SFT] terminal is turned on by initialization, only the output frequency can be changed.
- Software lock can be made possible also for the output frequency by [A] 53].
- Software lock by the operator is also possible without the [SFT] terminal being used. (A 84)

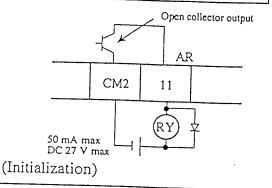
7.4 Function Contents of Intelligent Output Terminals (Initial setting is "a contact" (NO) state)

Terminal name: Frequency arrival signal [AR] Function No. C 10, A 39, to be set A 40, A 49

Function content

• When [AR] is selected as an intelligent output terminal, at the time of constant speed arrival, two types of methods for outputting a frequency more than an optionally set frequency can be executed. Select the output method by A 49. Set an optionally set frequency by A 39 (setting at the time of acceleration) or A 40 (setting at the time of deceleration).

Connection example of output terminal



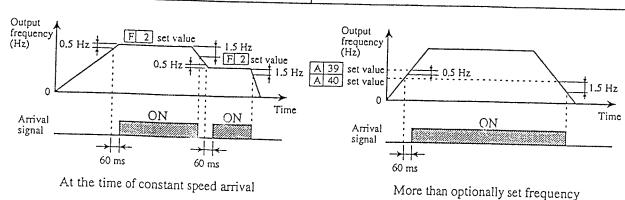
Terminal setting method

- Digital operator

Set the set value $\boxed{ }$ 0 in the output terminal \boxed{C} 10.

Precautions

- At the time of acceleration, an output signal at a frequency between the set frequency
 0.5 Hz to + 1.5 Hz is turned on.
- At the time of deceleration, an output signal at a frequency between the set frequency + 0.5 Hz to 1.5 Hz is turned on.



NOTE: When an arrival signal is outputted, a delay of about 60 ms occurs.

Terminal name: Run signal [RUN]

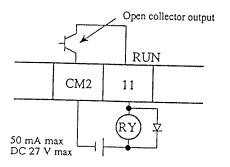
Function No. to be set

C 10

Function content

 When [RUN] is selected as an intelligent output terminal, the inverter outputs a RUN signal when the motor is driven.

Connection example of output terminal

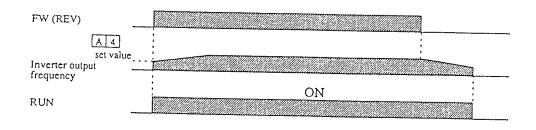


Terminal setting method

┌ Digital operator

Set the set value 1 in the output terminal C 10.

- A RUN signal is outputted simultaneously when a gate signal of the power module is outputted. Therefore, when the frequency of the RUN signal is less than the start frequency adjustment value A 4, it will not be outputted.
- A RUN signal can be outputted even during DC braking by A 52.



Terminal name: Overload advance notice signal [OL]

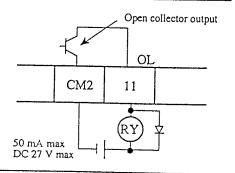
Function No. to be set

C 10

Function content

• When an output current more than the set current (rate to the rated current) flows, the terminal outputs a signal.

Connection example of output terminal



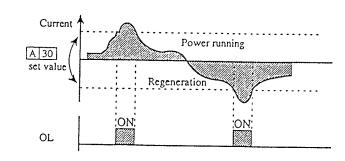
Terminal setting method

Digital operator

Set the set value 2 in the output terminal 2 in the output

Precautions

A value of 150% is set by initialization. To change the level, change A 30 (overload advance notice level).



Terminal name: Alarm terminal [AL1, AL2-AL0]

Function No. to be set

C 21

Function content

 When an alarm occurs, the function outputs an alarm signal from the terminals [AL0], [AL1], and [AL2] via the c contact. If this occurs, the operator displays the alarm content.

Terminal setting method

– Digital operator –

- "a contact" or "b contact" can be selected by C 21.
- The initialization is "b contact".

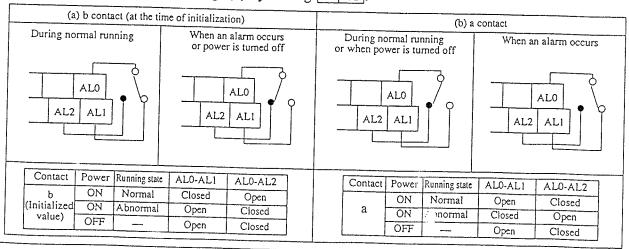
Precautions

- Holding of an alarm signal
 When an alarm signal is outputted, the
 alarm content will be stored even if the
 input power is turned off. Therefore, by
 turning the power on again, the content can
 be confirmed. However, when the input
 power is turned off, the alarm output will be
 reset (canceled) when the power is turned
 on again next. Therefore, to hold the alarm
 output, hold the alarm once by the external
 sequence and then turn the power switch of
 the inverter off.
- When the alarm contact output is set ON during normal running (b contact), a time delay occurs until the contact is closed when the power is turned on. Therefore, when the alarm contact output is to be used, set a delay of about 2 sonds when the power is turned on. (In the case of b contact, the contact may chatter when the power is turned on or off. If a fault may be caused by this, provide an interlock in the external circuit.)

Contact specification

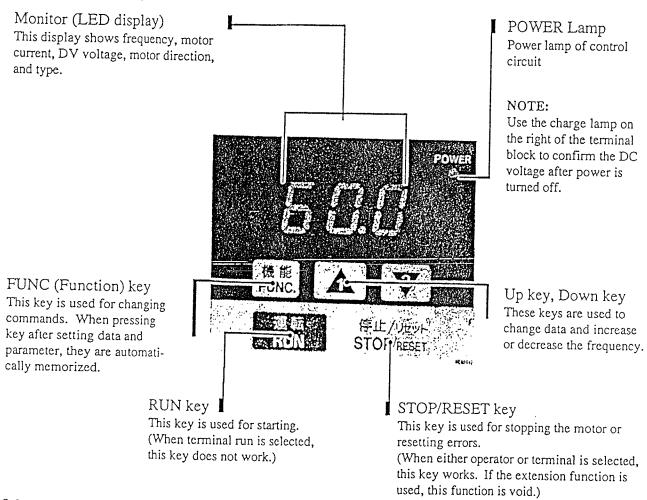
Maximum	Minimum
AC 250V, 2.5A (load R) 0.2A (cosø=0.4)	AC 100 V, 10 mA
DC 30 Vm, 3.0A (load R) 0.7A (cosø=0.4)	DC 5 V, 100 mA

The alarm output terminals are connected as shown in Fig. (a) at the time of initialization. They can be changed as shown in Fig. (b) by setting [C 21].

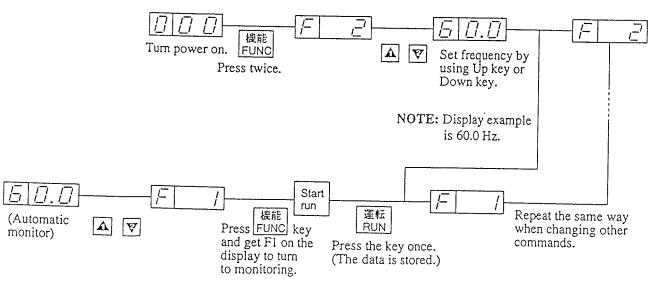


8. OPERATION OF THE DIGITAL OPERATOR

8.1 Name of Keys



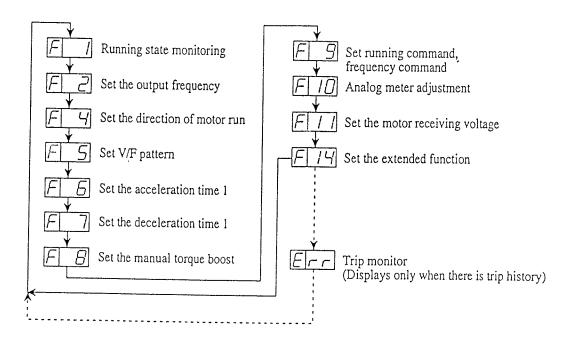
8.2 Operation Procedure (Example that the frequency is set and the equipment starts running)



8.3 Key Description

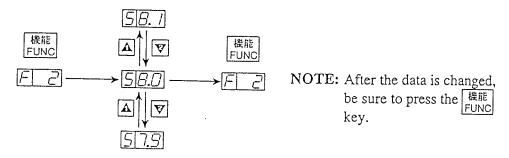
[Function key] . . . This key allows the selection of commands and memorizes parameters.

When each time the key is pressed, the display changes as follows.



[Up key, Down key] . . . These keys change the values of data, and parameters.

Pushing down this key once under | to | f | y condition moves to the data state.



武転 RUN [RUN key] . . . This key starts the run.

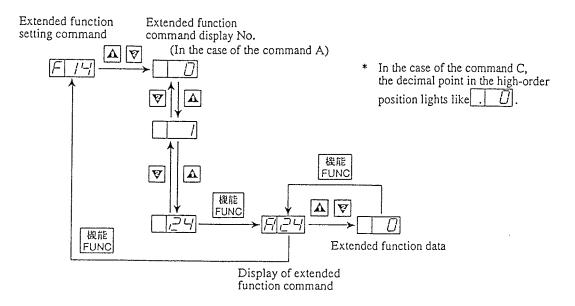
The set value of F 4 determines a forward run or a reverse run.

(STOP/RESET key]... This key stops the run.

When a trip occurs, this key becomes the reset key.

Screen transfer for extended commands

When an extended command is to be used, select the extended function command No. from $\boxed{F \mid I \mid Y}$ by using the keys \boxed{A} and \boxed{V} so as to enter the extended function mode.



Explanation of screen display

- ① When the inverter is turned on, the display which is outputted when the power is turned off before it is turned on appears. However, when the data display section for the commands F4 to F14 is turned off, the command display (F4 to F14) at that time appears.
- ② At the time of second setting, the decimal point in the first position of the data display section is displayed like [22]. However, a display of more than 100 of the set frequency, acceleration and deceleration time, DC braking time adjustment time, or standby time after undervoltage does not mean the second setting.

8.4 Initialization List of Digital Operator

(1) Monitor mode, function mode

The initialized value and settable range of each mode are displayed.

For extended function setting of $\boxed{F//}$, the extended functions shown on pages 8-5 and 8-6 can be set.

				Scr		Application	
Display order	Function name	Туре	Command display	Settable during running	Range of set values	Initializa- tion	of 2nd setting function
1	Running state monitoring	Monitor- ing	F1		Frequency, current, DC voltage, rotational direction	_	
2	Output frequency setting	Setting	F2	√	0.0 to 99.9 Hz/0 to 360 Hz	0.0	√
3	Running direction setting	Setting	F4		F/r (Forward/reverse)	F	
4	V/f pattern setting	Setting	F5		0 to 57	NOTE 1	√
5	Acceleration time 1	Setting	F6	√	0.1 to 99.9 seconds, 100 to 999 seconds	NOTE 2	√
6	Deceleration time 1	Setting	F7	√	0.1 to 99.9 seconds, 100 to 999 seconds	NOTE 2	√
7	Manual torque boost setting	Setting	F8	√	0 to 99	11	√
8	Running command, frequency command setting	Setting	F9		0 to 3	03	
9	Analog meter adjustment	Setting	F10	√	1 to 99	72	_
10	Motor receiving voltage setting	Setting	FII		200 to 240 V/380 to 460 V NOTE 3	NOTE 4	
11	Extended function setting	Setting	F14		0 to 85/.0 to .21 NOTE 5	0	

NOTE 1: 18 for 200 V class, 26 for 400 V class (Initialization of J100U2 series) 02 for 200 V class, 10 for 400 V class (Initialization of J100₂ series)

NOTE 2: 10 seconds for 200 V class, 15 seconds for 400 V class

NOTE 3: For the 200 V class, one of 200, 220, 230, and 240 can be selected. For the 400 V class, one of 380, 400, 415, 440, 460, and 480 can be selected.

NOTE 4: 230 V for 200 V class, 460 V for 400 V class (Initialization of J100U2 series) 200 V for 200 V class, 400 V for 400 V class (Initialization of J100₂ series)

NOTE 5: No extended function can be set during running. However, the set value of each function can be monitored.

(2) Extension function mode

- Each function name and settable range to the extension function mode are shown below.
- Set the extension function code to be changed by $\boxed{\textit{F} \mid \textit{Y} \mid}$.

Display	Extended function		creen display	Initial value	Camable Can		Ref.
order	Extended function name	C∞de display	Setting range	J100U2 J100₂	Settable for 2nd function	Remarks	page
1	Control method	A 0	0-2	0	√		8-15
2	Motor capacity setting	A 1	0.2-5.5	NOTE 1	√		8-15
3	Motor poles setting	A 2	2/4/6/8	4	√		8-15
4	Maximum frequency adjustment	A 3	0.0-15 Hz	0.0			8-16
5	Start frequency adjustment	A 4	0.5-5.0 Hz	0.5			8-17
6	Upper frequency limiter setting	A 5	0-375 Hz	0			8-17
7	Lower frequency limiter setting	A 6	0-375 Hz	0			8-17
8	Jump frequency setting 1	A 7	0-375 Hz	0			8-18
9	Jump frequency setting 2	A 8	0-375 Hz	0			8-18
10	Jump frequency setting 3	A 9	0-375 Hz	0			8-18
11	Carrier frequency setting	A10	5/8/12/16 Hz	16			8-18
12	Frequency command sampling setting	A11	1-8	8		.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	8-19
13	Multispeed first speed setting	A12	0-375 Hz	5			8-20
14	Multispeed second speed setting	A13	0-375 Hz	20			8-20
15	Multispeed third speed setting	A14	0-375 Hz	40			8-20
16	Multispeed forth speed setting	A15	0-375 Hz	0			8-20
17	Multispeed fifth speed setting	A16	0-375 Hz	0			8-20
18	Multispeed sixth speed setting	A17	0-375 Hz	0			8-20
19	2-stage acceleration time setting	A18	0.1-999s	1.0	√	Changeable during RUN	8-21
20	2-stage deceleration time setting	A19	0.1-999s	1.0	√	Changeable during RUN	8-21
21	DC braking frequency setting	A20	0.5-375 Hz	0.5			8-21
22	DC braking force adjustment	A21	0-36 (400 V:0-20)	010			8-21
23	DC braking time adjustment	A22	0-600s	1			8-21
24	Electronic thermal level adjustment	A23	20-120%	100			8-22
25	Electronic thermal characteristic selection	A24	0/1	0			8-22
26	External frequency setting start	A26	0-375 Hz	0			8-19
27	External frequency setting end	A27	0-375 Hz	0			8-19
28	Acceleration selection (Linear, S-curve)	A28	0/1	0			8-23
29	Deceleration selection (Linear, S-curve)	A29	0/1	0			8-23
30	Overload previous notice signal setting 1	A30	50-150%	150			8-23
31	Overload limit level setting	A31	50-150%	150			8-23
32	Overload limit content selection	A32	0/1	0			8-24
33	LAD stop function setting	A33	0/1	0		······································	8-24
34	Trip/retry function selection	A34	0/1	0			8-24
35	Trip ignorance selection	A35	0(off)/1(on)	0			8-24
36	AVR voltage setting for deceleration	A36	0/1	0			8-25
37	Motor voltage setting for deceleration	A37	200-270 V/380- 540 V/000	230 200 460 400		000:Invalid during decel.	8-25
38	Dynamic braking usage ratio	A38	0,1-30.0, 31.0	5		31.0:BRD invalid	8-25
39	Optional arrival frequency for acceleration	A39	0-100%	100		-	8-26

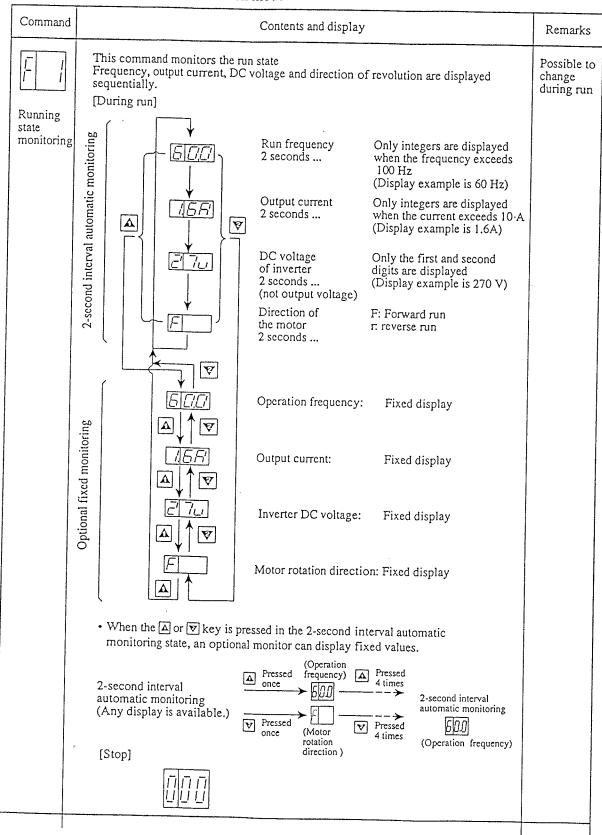
Display	Extended function name		creen display	Initial	value	Settable for		D-6
order	Extended function name	Code display	Setting range	J100U2	J100 ₂			Ref.
40	Optional arrival frquency for deceleration	A 40		10))			8-26
41	Forward rotation	A41	0(off)/1(on)	1				8-26
42	Reverse rotation	A42	0 (off) / 1 (on)	1				8-26
43	Stop key ON/OFF selection	A43	0/1					8-27
44	Analog input selection	A48	0(5 V)I (10 V)					8-19
45	Frequency arival signal output method	A49	1/2	2			 	
46	Analog/digital meter selection	A50	0/1	1				8-26
47	Frequency/current monitoring selection	A51	0/1	0				8-27
48	RUN signal output selection	A52	1/2	1				8-27
49	Enable/disable of frequency setting for software lock	A53	0/1	O				8-27
50	DC braking ON/OFF selection	A55	0 (off) / 1 (on)	0				8-28 8-22
51	DC braking edge/level selection	A56	0/1	1				8-22
52	Trip history clear selection	A57	0/1	0				8-28
53	Reduced voltage start selection	A.58	0/1	1				8-28
54	Base frequency setting	A62	50-360 Hz	50		√		8-16
55	Maximum frequency setting	A63	50-360 Hz	50		√ √		8-16
56	Maximum frequency switching	A64	0 (120 Hz) / I (360 Hz)	0		v		8-16
57	Jump frequency range setting	A68	0-9.9 Hz	0.5	;			8-18
58	Multispeed seventh speed setting	A71	0-375 Hz	0				8-20
59	Frequency command adjust. (voltage)	A80	0-255	NOTE	2		***	8-20
60	Frequency command adjust.(current)	A81	0-255	NOTE	. 2			8-29
61	Allowable undervoltage time setting	A82	0,3-3.0s	1.0				8-29
	Undervoltage retry waiting time	A83	0.3-100.0s	10.0				8-29
	Software lock selection	A84	0/1	0				8-30
	Deceleration rate setting for overload limit	A85	0.1-31.0s	1.0			31.0:Invalid	8-23
	Input terminal setting 1	C0	0-12	1			57.0.11174110	8-31
	Input terminal setting 2	Cl	0-12	10	2	_=		8-31
	Input terminal setting 3	C2	0-12	7				8-31
	Input terminal setting 4	C3	0-12	11				8-31
	Input terminal setting 5	C4	0-12	0				8-31
	Output terminal setting	C10	0-2	0	$\neg \uparrow$			8-32
	Input terminal a and b contact setting	C20	00-1F		00			8-33
72 (Output terminal a and b contact setting	C21	00-03	03	+			8-34

NOTE 1: The most applicable motor capacity of the inverter is set.

NOTE 2: The initial setting of each inverter is adjusted when shipping from the works.

8.5 Explanation of the Mode

(1) Monitor mode and Function mode



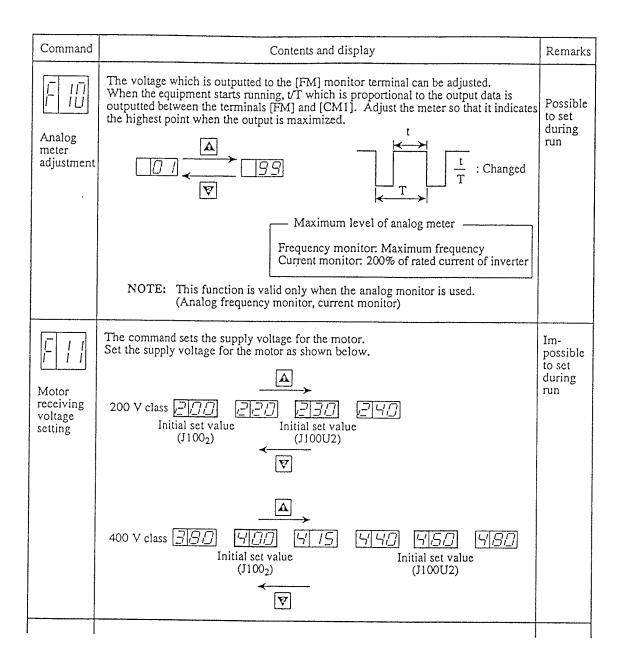
Command	Contents and display	Remarks
This	s command sets the output frequency. [5 [7] Set frequency from 0 to 99.9 Hz by 0.1 Hz	Possible to set during run
To p cont The (1) C (3) The set to (Set (2) S (3) P (4) P is (5) B NOTE NOTE (*) T	Set frequency from 100 to 360 Hz by 1 Hz (NOTE 1) A	1

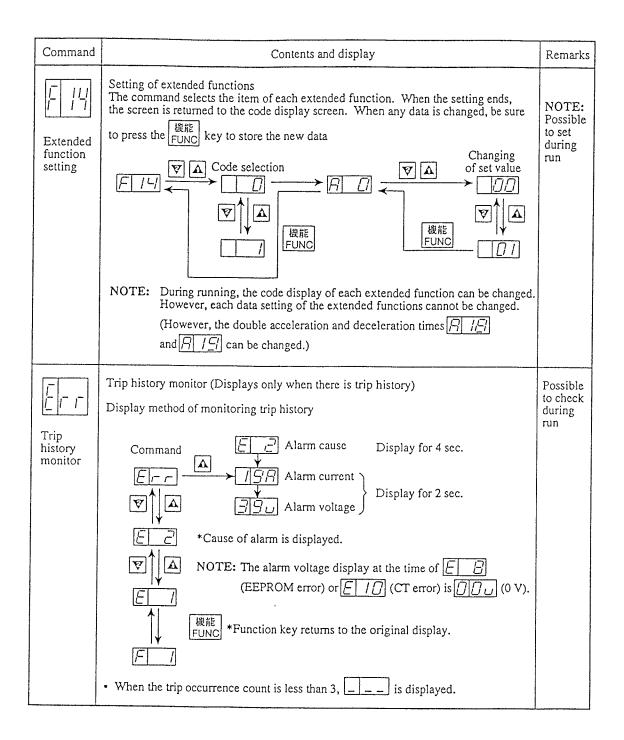
Command	Contents and display	Remarks
FY	Set the motor direction. Set the motor direction when running by pressing	Im- possible to change during run
Running direction setting	Forward run Switching can be done by pressing Reverse run	

Command	Contents and display Re	emarks
V/f pattern	when combining V/F patterns other than the following using the control method (A0), the basic frequency (A62) and the maximum frequency (A63) of the extention function	ossible set iring
setting	Output voltage V/F pattern 200 220 230 240 380 400 440 460 Output voltage V/F pattern 200 220 230 240 380 400 440 460	
	00 08 16 24 0 Constant torque 04 12 20 28 0 Feducing torque 1.5 power 0 50 Hz	
	01 09 17 25 0 100 Hz 05 13 21 29 0 50 100 Hz	
	02 10 18 26 % 0 60 Hz 06 14 22 30 0 60 Hz	
	03 11 19 27 0 60 120 Hz 0 7 15 23 31 100 0 60 120 Hz	
	NOTE: 02 for 200 V class, 10 for 400 V class (Initialization of J100 ₂)	

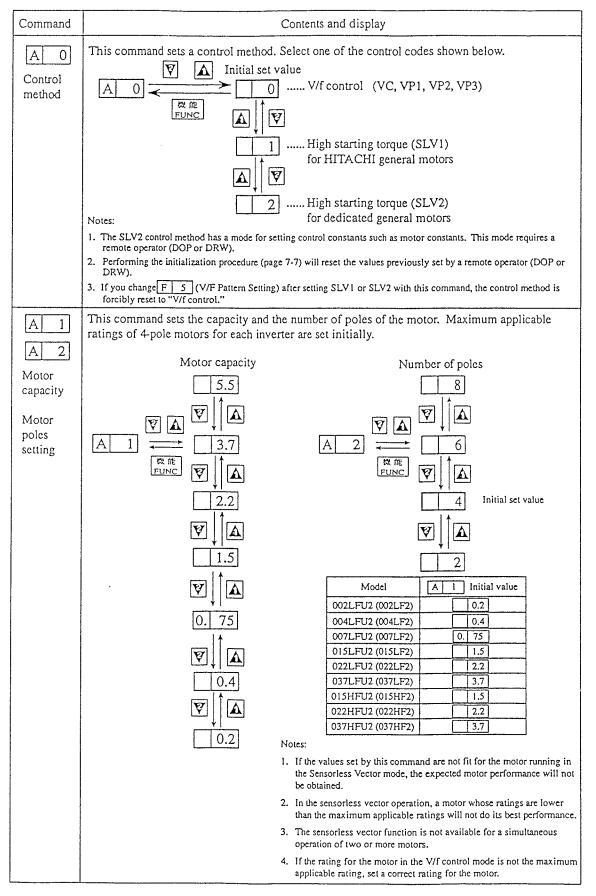
Command	Contents and display							
	Spec	cial V	/F pai	ttem				
	ļ	utput			V/F pattern			
				240 460]	Uses for V/F pattern		
	50	51	52	53	VF VC 100 % 100 Hz	Constant torque characteristics: Conveyor Reduced torque characteristics: Fan, pump		
	54	55	56	57	VF VC 100 % 120 Hz			
	NC	TE:	and	this	nsorless vector control (S command is changed in d ul in this regard.	SLV1, SLV2) is selected as a control system lesign, V/F control is forcibly selected.		

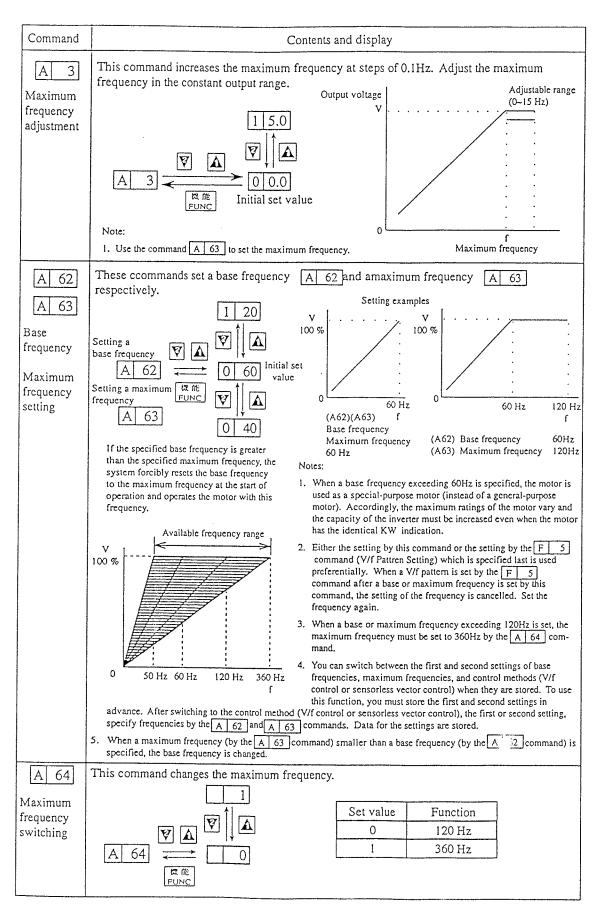
Command	Contents and display					
Acceleration time 1 Deceleration time 1	These commands set and display Acc. time (F 5) and Dec. time (F 7). In the case of adjustment in real time, press the RUNC key after data is changed. A Setting range Period 0.1 to 99.9 Every 0.1s 100 to 999 Every 1s • When a time of more than 999 seconds is set by the remote operator, is displayed on the digital operator.	Possible to set during run				
Manual torque bost setting	Set torque boost • Motor torque can be adjusted to increase the output voltage when the starting torque is not sufficient in V/F control. Pay attention not to cause the motor to burnout and an inverter trip. • Setting is effective only when V/F control is selected. • In the case of adjustment in real time, press the FUNC key after data is changed. Code Output voltage 100% Setting and changing is done with weys. Setting and changing is done with weys.	Possible to set during run				
Running command Frequency command setting	Change setting mode Run command to Frequency command to (NOTE 1) Digital operator Digital operator Digital operator Terminal block Terminal block Digital operator Terminal block Terminal block NOTE 1: The multi-speed output frequency can be set for one of OD to OD. (See page 8-8.)	Im- possible to set during run				

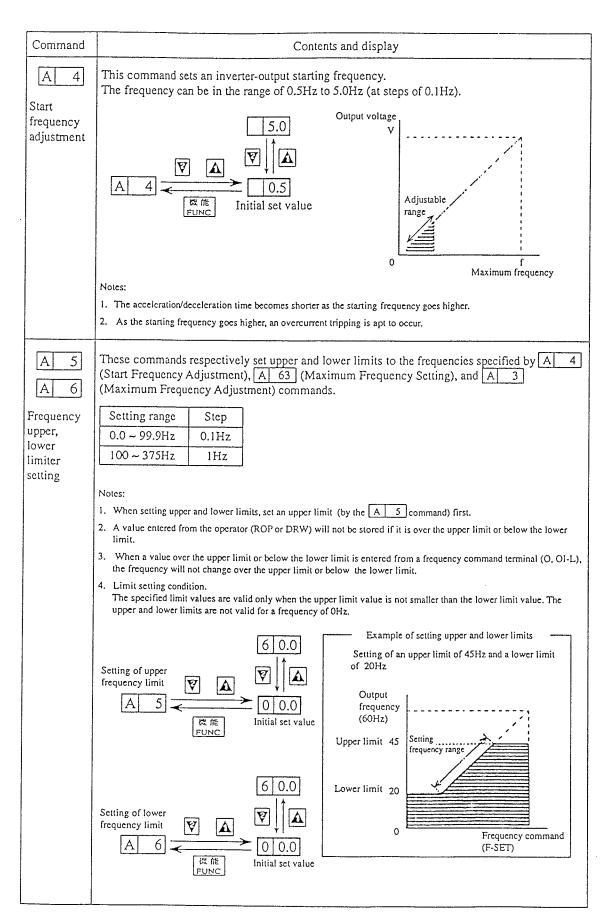


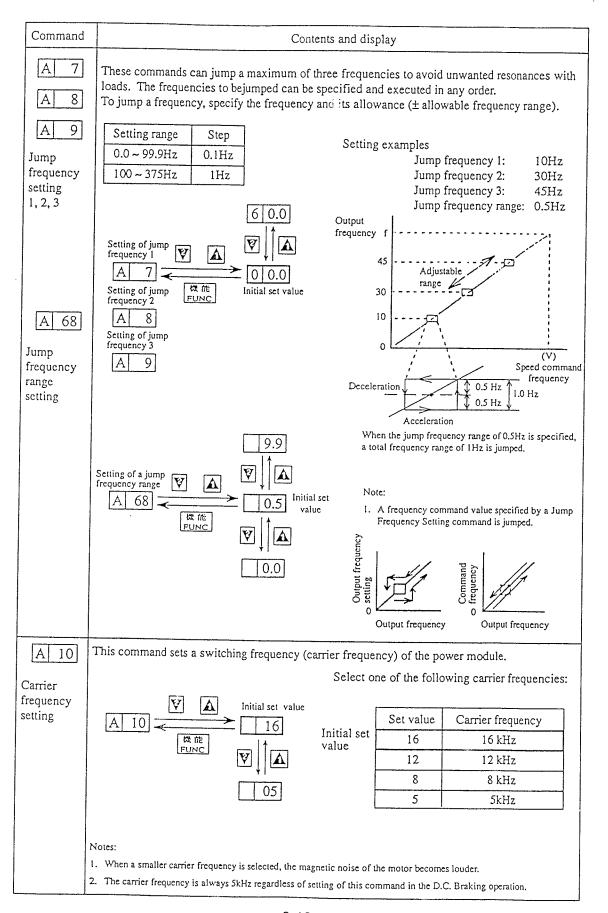


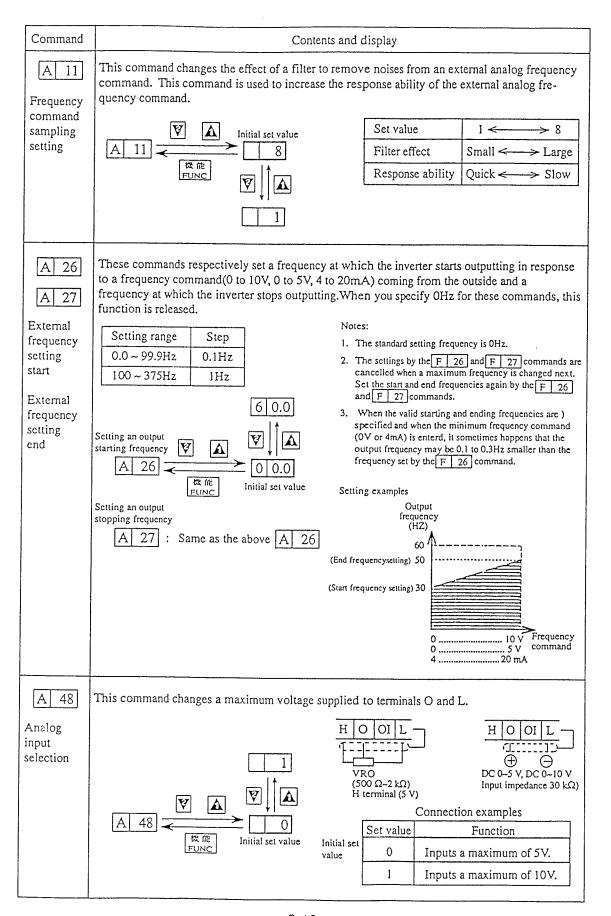
(2) Extension Function Mode

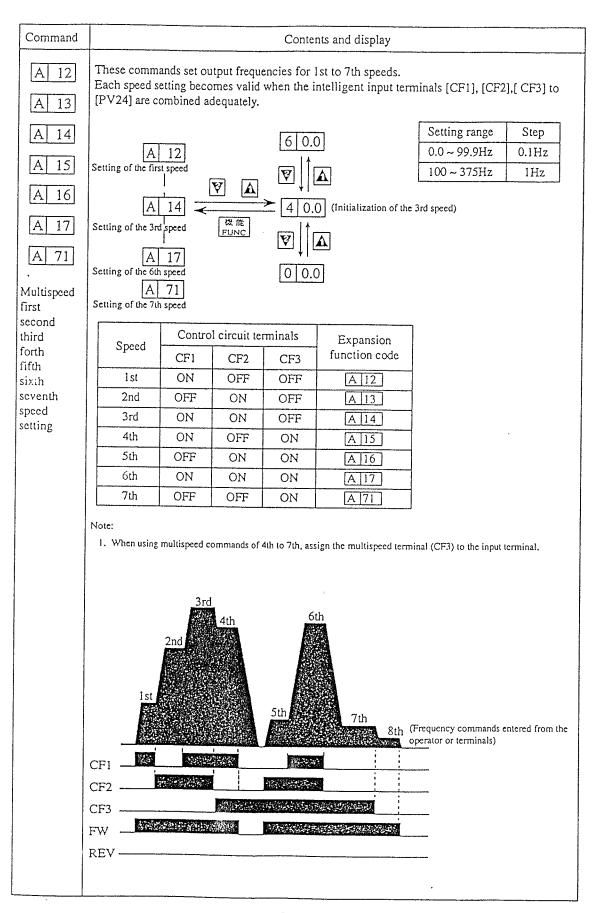


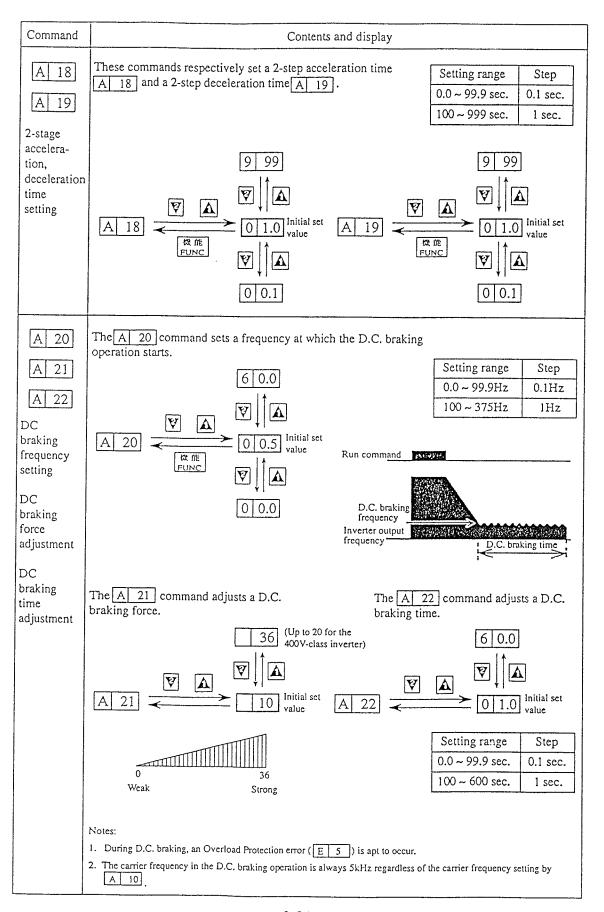


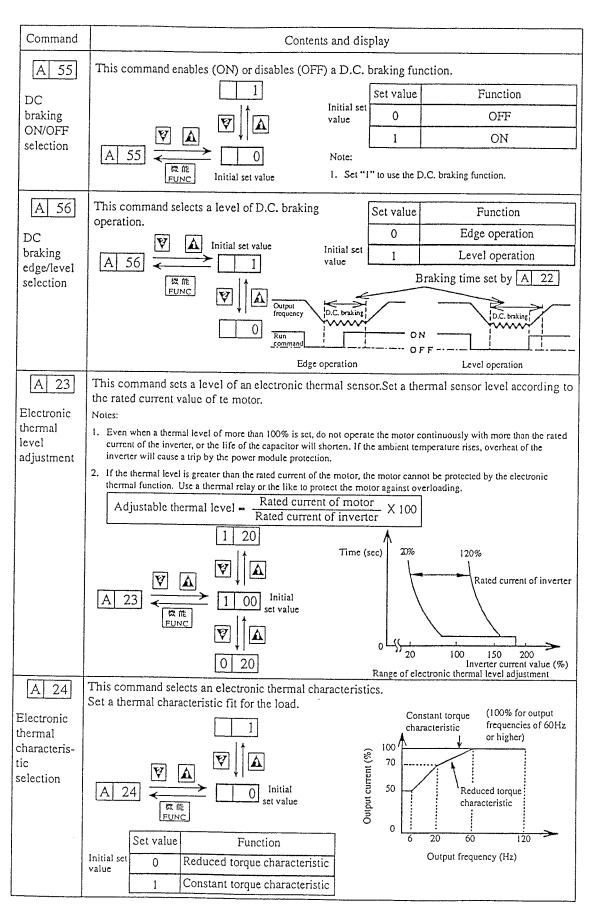


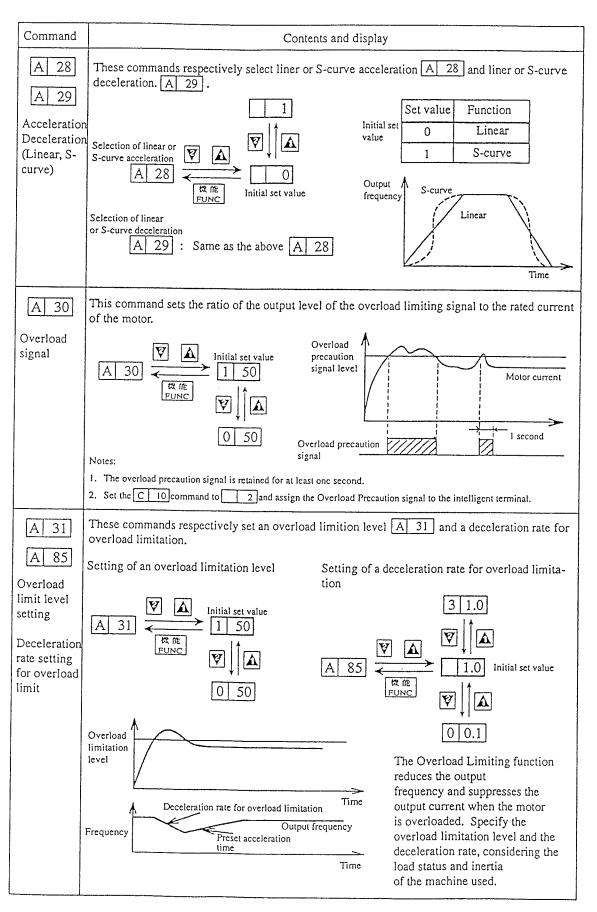


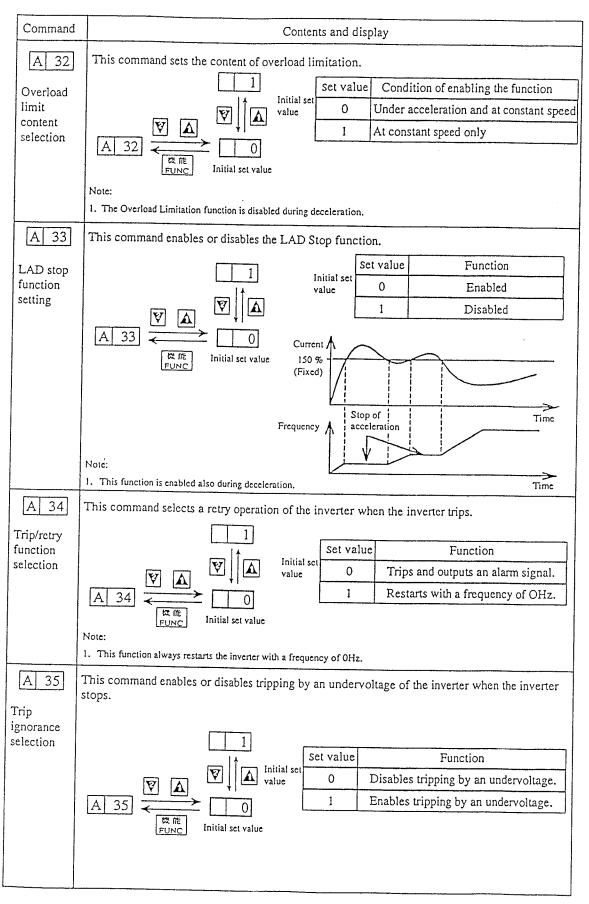


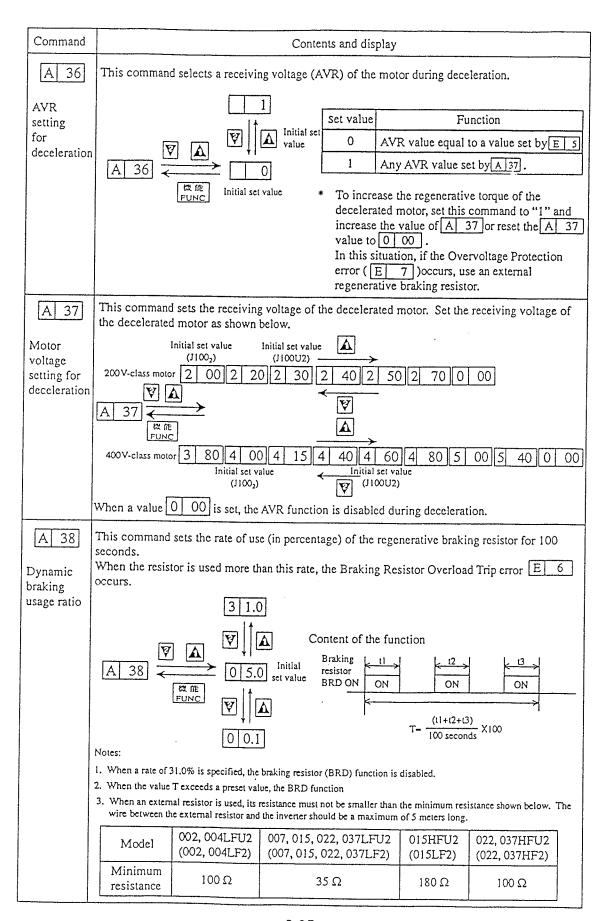


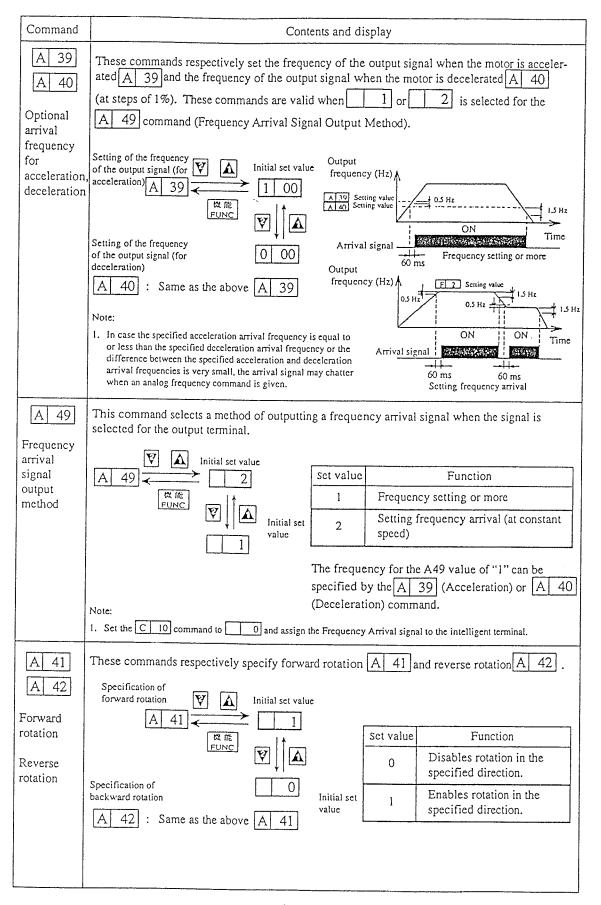


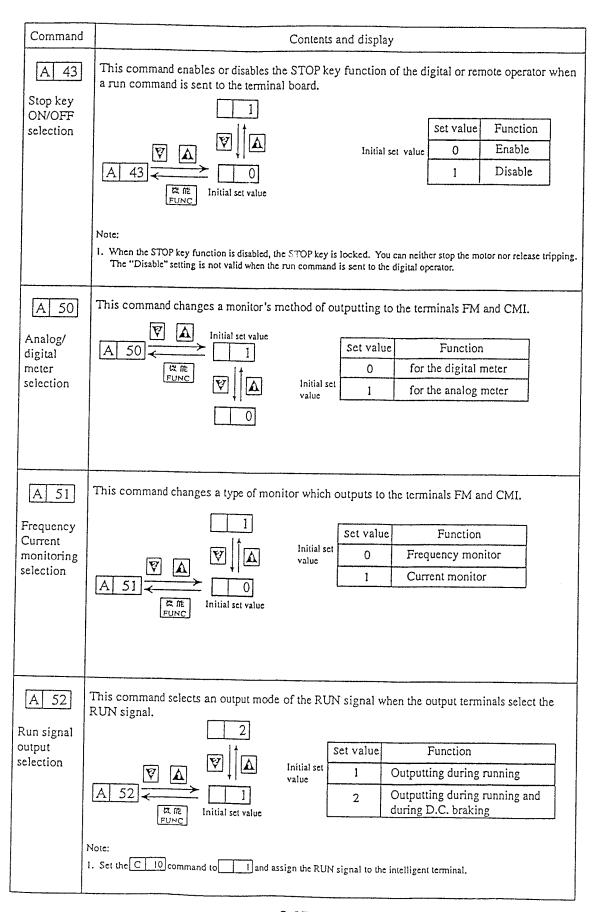


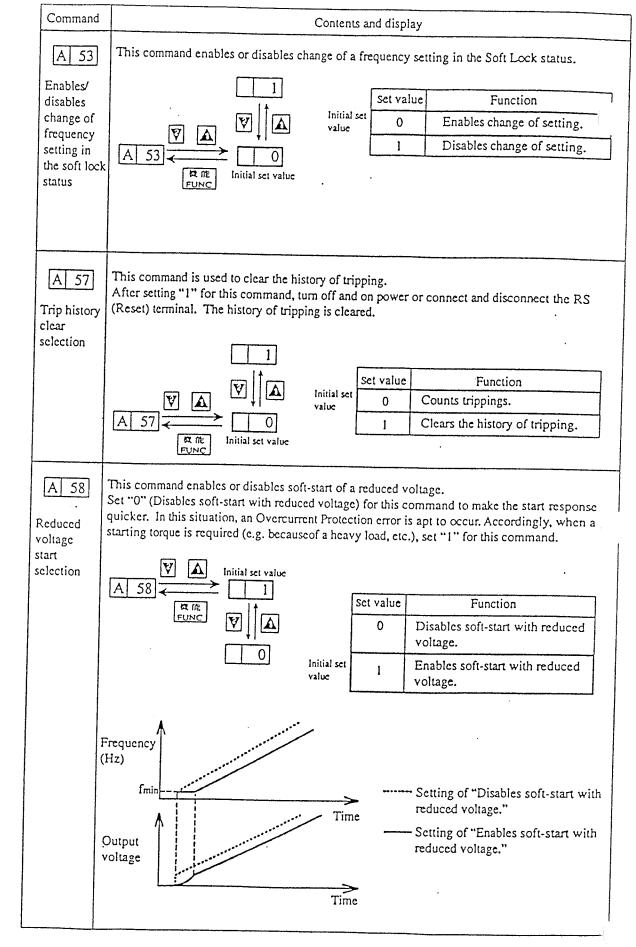


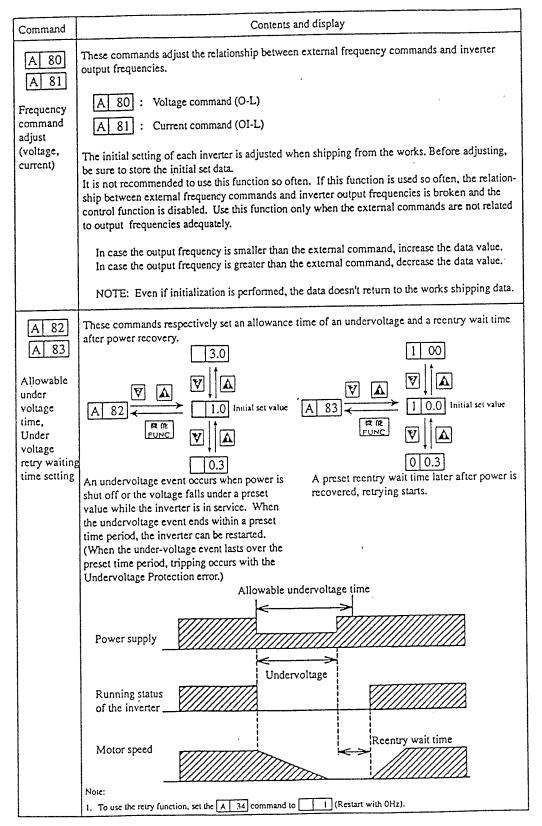


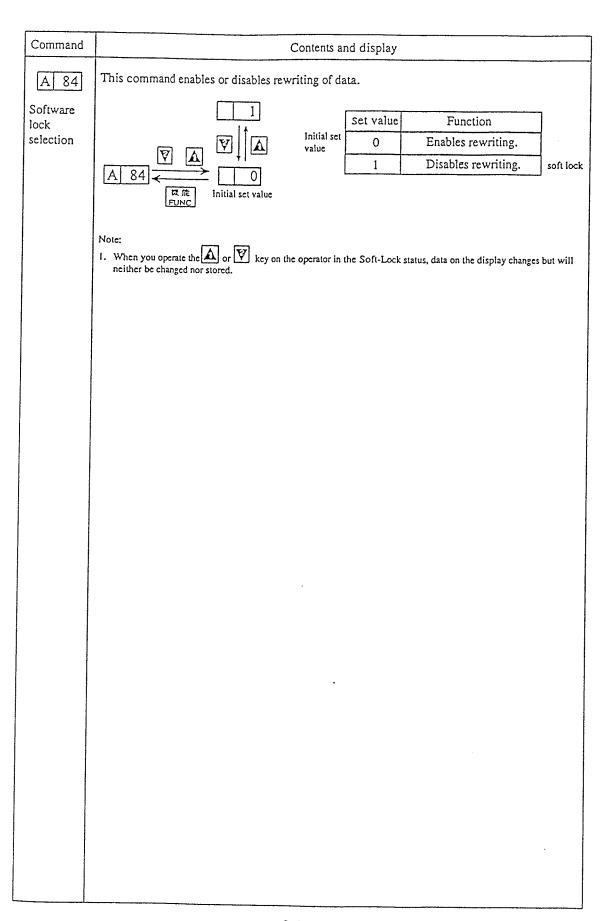






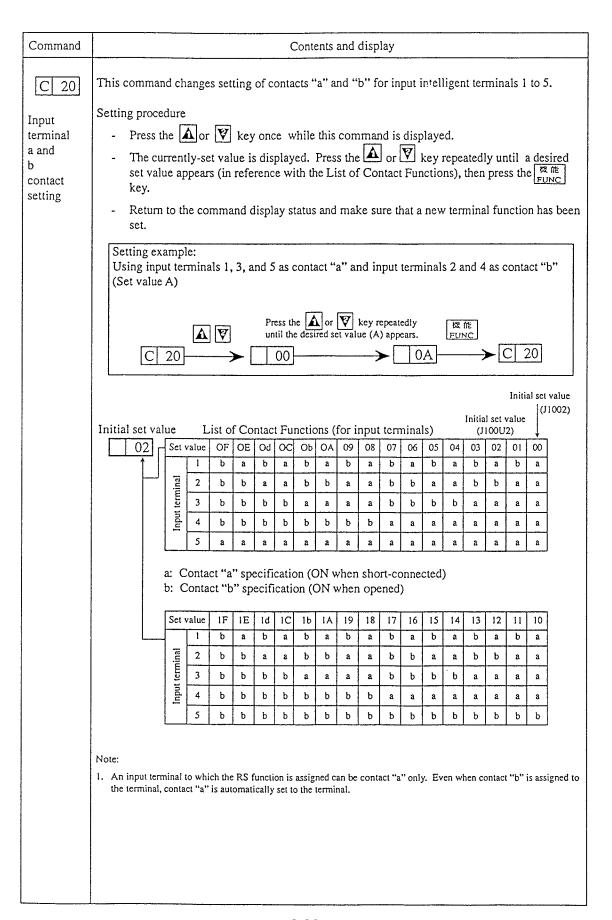


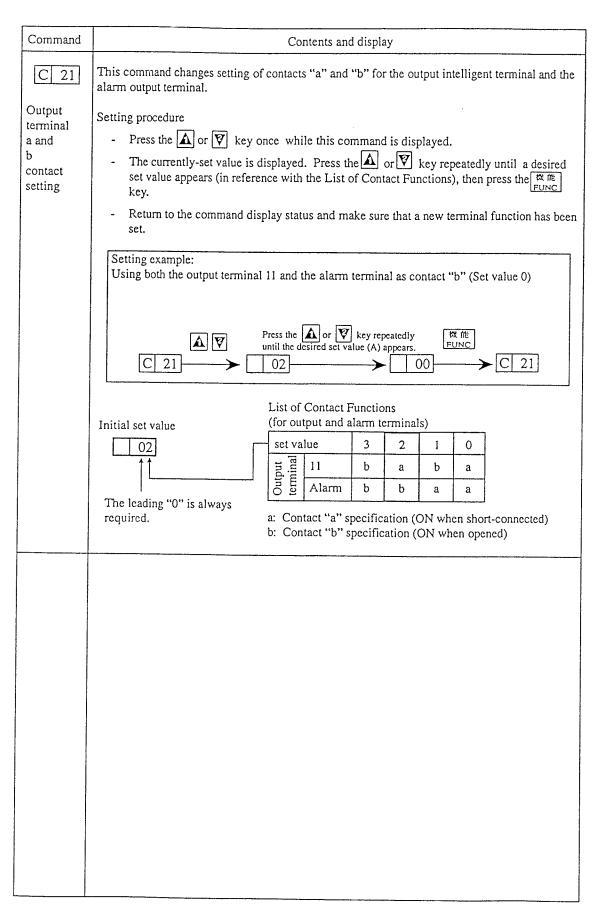




Command			Ca-1-	ante and di-	play
Command			Conte	ents and dis	piay
C 0	terminals).				s to terminals 1 to 5 (a total of five
≀	When chang	ging the initia	I functions assigned	d to the term	ninals or changing the order of the
C 4	The time to	input a signa	nctions respectively	y to the term ent termina	ninals by these commands.
			ands to intelligent to		siould be 12 made of more.
Input	I	Name of functio			
terminal	C 0 Ing	put terminal setti		1	Input intelligent Input intelligent terminals
setting 1,2,3 4 and 5		put terminal setti	ng 2 2	10 (NOTE)	terrimas terrimas
	C 2 Ing	put terminal setti	ng 3 3	7	3 2 1 CM1 FW 5 4 CM1 ALC
	C 3 Inp	put terminal setti	ng 4 4	11	H O OI L FM CM2 II AL2 ALI
	C 4 Ing	put terminal setti	ng 5 5	0	NOTE: In the case of a J100 ₂ series inverter, this initial value is 2.
	Setting proc	edure			initial value is 2.
	- Press	the 🛕 or 🐧	key once for a d	esired termi	nal setting command.
	- The p	reset value of	f the terminal is dis	played. Pre	ss the 🛕 or 🕎 key repeatedly until the
	desire	d value appea	ars on the display (i	n reference	with the List of Functions), then press
	-	key.	nand dianlaw atatus		
	assign	ned.	nand display status	and make s	ure that a new terminal function has been
	Setting ex				
	Assigning	g the SFT (To	erminal Soft Lock)	function to	the RS (Reset) terminal
				value of a desi	red terminal 概能
		A 🖔	by pressin	g the for	key. FUNC
	C	_0	→ 11		→ 12 → C 0
	List of Ter	minal Functi	ons		
	Set value	Symbol	Name of function		
	0	REV	Backward rotation	1	
	1	CF I	Speed 1		
	2	CF 2	Speed 2		
	3	CF 3	Speed 3		
	4	DB	External D.C. bra	king	
	5	STN	Initial setting		
	6	SET	Secondary setting	function	
	7	2CH	2-stage acceleration	on/decelerat	ion
	8	FRS	Free-running stop		
	9	EXT	External tripping		
	10	USP	USP function		
	11	RS	Resetting		
	12	SFT	Terminal Soft Loc	k	
		minal setting			
	- Do no When	n emer identi i moving a ter	cal values for C	0 to C	4 commands. I to another terminal, first assign a set
	value	of a terminal	function to a termi	nal from wh	nich its function is moved, then assign the
	value	of a function	to be moved to the	destination	terminal. (Do not enter a value of the
	iuncti	on to the dest	ination terminal fir	st.)	

Command Contents and display This command assigns a terminal function to the output intelligent terminal 11. Use this com-C 10 mand when changing the terminal function assigned to the terminal. Output Assignment of commands to intelligent terminals terminal setting Command Name of function Terminal symbol Initial value C10 Output terminal setting 11 0 1 CM1 FW 5 4 CMI ALO OI L FM CM2 11 AL2 AL1 Output intelligent terminal Setting procedure Press the or key once for a desired terminal setting command. The preset value of the terminal is displayed. Press the \(\bigain \) or \(\bigve{Y} \) key repeatedly until the desired value appears on the display (in reference with the List of Functions), then press the Kt ME key. Return to the command display status and make sure that a new terminal function has been assigned. Setting example: Changing the RUN (Run signal) function to the AR (Frequency Arrival signal) functiony Enter the value of a desired terminal 概能 by pressing the A or V key. 10 10 List of Output Terminal Functions Set value Symbol Name of function 0 AR Frequency Arrival signal 1 RUN Running signal 2 OL Overload Precaution signal





9. PROTECTIVE FUNCTIONS

The J100 series inverters are equipped with protective functions against overcurrent, overvoltage, and undervoltage which protect the inverter. If the protective functions are engaged, the output is shut down, motor runs free and holds that condition until it is reset.

Description	Contents		Display				
Power module protection (NOTE 1)	When output of an inverter is short circuited or the motor is locked, a large current flows through the inverter and causes a fault.	Constant speed	E 1				
(NOIL I)	When the current flowing through the power module or a temperature abnormality of the main devices comes to certain level, the output Dec.						
	is cut off.	Acc.	E 3				
		Stop	EY				
Overload protection (NOTE 1)	When a motor overload is detected by the electronic thermal function, the output of the inverter is cut off.	ne	E 5				
Braking resistor overload	When regenerative braking resistor exceeds the usage time ratio an over- caused by the stop of the BRD function is detected, and output of the inv is cut off.	voltage erter	E 6				
Overvoltage protection	When the converter voltage exceeds a certain level due to regenerative energy from the motor, this protection function engages, and the output of inverter is cut off.						
EEPROM error (NOTE 2)	When the memory built in has problems due to noise or excessive temperature rise, this protective function engages, and the output of inverter is cut off.						
Undervoltage protection	Control circuit. It also generates motor heat and causes low torque. Outr	A decrease of the input voltage of an inverter results in improper function of the control circuit. It also generates motor heat and causes low torque. Output is cut off when the input voltage goes down to less than 150 V to 160 V (200 V class), 300 V to 320 V (400 V class).					
CT error	When a large noize source is near the inverter or an abnormality occurs on built-in CT, the output of the inverter is cut off.						
CPU error	Malfunction or abnormality on built-in CPU and the output of the inverter is cut off.						
External trip	An abnormality signal from external equipment cuts off the output of the	inverter.	E 12				
USP error	It indicates an error when power is turned on while the inverter is being re (When USP function is selected)	ın.	E 13				
Ground fault protection							

NOTE 1: If a trip occurs, press the reset key after an elapse of 10 seconds to restore the inverter.

NOTE 2: If an EEPROM error occurs, be sure to confirm the setting value again.

Other display

Contents	Display
It is displayed when the registered data in F3 is different from the respective data. (For example, it is displayed when confirming V/F data in F5 after 0 8 was selected in F3)	
It is displayed when the fault happens between digital operator and the inverter, or short circuit RS-PV24 for four seconds or more. Pushing down any one of the 人 文 and 根能 FUNC keys recovers. If not, turn off and on power again.	[-]]
It is displayed when power is shut off.	Œ
It displays the rest time of retry waiting time after the power recovery of undervoltage when selecting the retry mode. (example) - /	- <i>V 0</i>

For display contents when the remote operator or copy unit is used, see page 13-1 and the subsequent pages.

10. TROUBLESHOOTING

S	ymptom	Probable cause	Countermeasure
The motor will not run.	The inverter outputs U, V and W are not supplying voltage.	• Is power being supplied to terminals R(L1), S(L2), and T(L3)? If it is, the POWER lamp should be on.	• Check terminals R(L1), S(L2), T(L3), U(T1), V(T2), and W(T3). • Turn on the power supply.
	3	• Is the display E □□ ?	• Press 🛕 🔻 and check the content. Then press the reset key.
		Is the operation instruction RUN ON? Is terminal FW (or RV) connected to terminal CM1?	Set to ON. Connect terminal CM1 to terminal FW (or RV) on the printed-circuit board. (When the terminal mode is selected.)
		◆ Has the frequency setter been turned on by pushing 機能 FUNC key to select F / and then ▲ ▼ key.	 Push down keys and set. When terminal mode is selected, connect the potentiometer to H, O, and L, and then set.
		Are the printed-circuit board terminals H, O and L connected to the potentiometer?.	
		• Has RS/FRS been left ON?	• Release reset.
		• Is the mode key F 5 setting correct?	• Read the instruction manual again (8-10).
	Inverter outputs U, V, and W are supplying voltage.	Has the motor seized or is the load too great?	 Release seizure or lighten the load. Test the motor independently.
	The optional remote operator is used.	Are the operational settings between the remote operator and inverter unit correct? .	Check the operation of the optional remote operator. (copy unit) ON 1234
	(copy unit)		OFF 1: OFF 2: ON (Same as J300)
The irection of the notor is eversed.		 Are the connections of output terminals U(T1), V(T2), and W(T3) correct? Is the phase sequence of the motor forward or reverse in respect to U(T1), V(T2), and W(T3)? 	• Make the connections according to the phase sequence of the motor. (In general, forward should be in the sequence: U(T1), V(T2), and W(T3).)
	ŀ	• Are the terminals on the printed-circuit board correct? . • Is the mode key F 4 set correctly?	Terminal FW for forward, and RV for reverse.

	··· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Sy	mptom	Probable cause	Countermeasure
The rpm of the motor will not increase.		 After checking the wiring of the frequency setter, the rpm still does not increase when the setter is turned. 	Replace the frequency setter.
mcrease.		Are terminals 1 and CM1, terminal 2 and CM1, terminal 3 and CM1 ON?	• Turn off terminal 1, 2, and 3. (When the frequency and multistage speed are fixed at a given frequency, the speed potentiometer will be invalid.)
		• Is the load too great?	Decrease the load. When the load is too great, the limiting function will be activated, so that the rotational speed will be lower than the setting.
Rotation is unstable.		 Is the fluctuation in load too great? Is the power supply voltage fluctuating? Is some peculiar frequency causing the problem? 	 Increase the capacity. (Both of the motor and inverter.) Decrease the fluctuation. Change the output frequency slightly.
The rpm of the motor does not match the inverter.		Is the maximum frequency setting correct? Are the number of motor poles, the gear ratio, and pulley ratio correct?	 Check the V/F pattern against the motor specifications. Check the speed-change ratio.
The data is incorrect.	The data has not changed.	• Was the power turned off without pushing the 概能 key after the data was changed with 🛕 🔻 keys.	• Input the data and push the REFUNC key once.
		• The data is memorized upon power off. Is the time from power OFF to ON less than six seconds?	Take six seconds or more when turning power OFF and ON after changing the data.
	Data copied by the copy unit is not input.	Is the power turned off for six seconds or more after the display changed from REMT to INV.	Copy again and turn the power off six seconds or more after copying.

Syn	nptom	Probable cause	Countermeasure		
The data is not changed.	Frequency setting can not be changed. Run and stop can not be done.	• The change of the terminal mode and digital operator mode were correct?	• Confirm the change in F 9 setting mode. (See page 8-12.)		
	The data can not be changed.	• Is software lock ON? • Is software lock ON with software lock selection [AB4] (date: 1) • Is the switch 4 mounted on the back of the remote operater (copy unit) ON? (See page 13-2) Note: If software lock is ON because of use with an explosion proof motor,	Open SFT terminal and PV24. Change the data of [1] [1] to 1 to 0. Turn the switch OFF.		

Precautions for data setting

When changing any set data by one of the following methods (① to ③), keep the equipment unoperated for 6 seconds or more after the selected method is executed. When any key is pressed, or the reset operation is performed, or the power is turned off within 6 seconds, correct data may not be set.

- ① Changing the data and pressing the STR key to store the data
- ② Operating the COPY key when copying another inverter data using the copy unit (DRW) (See page 13-12.)
- 3 Returning to the initialization (the factory settings) (See page 7-7.)

11. MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION

11.1 Maintenance and Inspection Precautions

A WARNING: Hazard of electrical shock. Disconnect incoming power and wait more

than one (1) minute before removing cover.

A WARNING: Confirm that the CHARGE lamp beside the control terminal no longer

blinks.

(Dangerous voltage exist when the lamp is lit or blinking)

A CAUTION: When removing connectors, never pull the wires. (Wires for cooling fan)

· General precautions

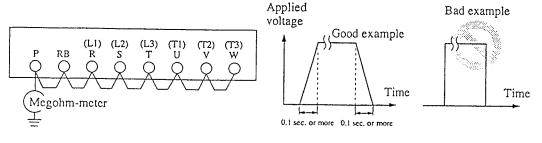
Always keep the unit clean so that dust or other foreign matter does not enter the inverter. Take special care in regard to breaking lines and connection mistakes. Firmly connect terminals and connectors. Keep electronic equipment away from moisture and oil. Dust, steel filings and other foreign matter can damage insulation, causing unexpected accidents, so take special care.

11.2 Inspection Items

- (1) Daily inspection
- (2) Periodic inspection (Approximately once a year)
- (3) Insulation resistance tests, withstand voltage tests

Conduct these tests by short-circuiting the terminals as shown below, and by following the conditions described.

- In regard to insulation resistance tests, measure the terminals below and the grounding at 500 VDC, and make sure that 5 M-ohms or greater is indicated.
- Do not perform the withstand voltage test. When it should be done, in regard to withstand voltage tests, supply the terminals below and the grounding with 1500 VAC (200 V class), 2000 VAC (400 V class) for one minute, and make sure that there are no abnormalities.
- Do not conduct insulation resistance tests and withstand voltage tests for terminals other than those indicated below.
 Increase or decrease the applied voltage for the withstand voltage test slowly and turn the equipment 0 V again.



Insulation Resistance Tests and Withstand Voltage Tests

- NOTE 1: If the inverter is used under high temperature and heavy load conditions, its operating life will be significantly reduced.
- NOTE 2: If the inverter has been stored for three years or more, apply the following conditions.
 - ① Apply 80% of the rated voltage of the capacitor for 1 hour at normal temperature.
 - ② Increase the voltage to 90% and apply it for 1 hour.
 - 3 Apply the rated voltage for 5 hours.
- NOTE 3: Precautions in handling printed-circuit boards.

When maintenance and inspection of printed-circuit boards is necessary, be sure to follow the precautions below.

Prevent damage caused by static electricity. The MCUs and ICs on a printed-circuit board can be destroyed by static electricity, so be sure to ground work benches, soldering irons, and yourself before working on a printed-circuit board.

We recommend that the following parts be stocked to reduce down time.

Recommended Spare Parts

Part description	Symbol	Qua	ıntity	D	
- Lat Good Aption	33111001	Used	Spare	Remarks	
Main circuit P.C. board assembly	POWER PCB	1	I	Main circuit device, circuit parts, fin assembly	
Cooling fan	FAN	1	1	Used for 015LFU2 to 037LFU2 015HFU2 to 037HFU2	
Smoothing capacitor P.C. board assembly	СВ РСВ	1	1	Used for 022LFU2 and 037LFU2 015HFU2 to 037HFU2 Store this part at a temperature ranging from -20°C to 30°C	
Digital operator	D. OPE	1	1	Applicable for all models	
Logic P.C. board	LOGIC PCB	1	1	Same as above (Input kw data)	

Daily Inspection and Periodic Inspection (1/3)

	Instruments	Тъстотется		Hygrometer	Tester	500 V class Megohm meter				-
Standard	replacement period									
. in original	Cincila	Ambient temperature between -10 to +40°C; no icing.	Ambient humidity 20 to 90%; no dew condensation.		No abnormalities. 200 to 220 V, 50 Hz 200 to 230 V, 60 Hz 380 to 415 V, 50 Hz 400 to 460 V, 60 Hz	No abnormalities in (1) and (2). Tightening torque	(except for terminal block) • M3 (Diode module): 0.59 - 0.79 N•m	• M4 (Power module): 0.98 - 1.47 N•m • M3: 0.79 - 0.98 N•m • M4: 0.98 - 1.18 N•m		
Increosting method	חישה הכנוסת וווכנווסת			Visual and aural inspection.	Measure the voltage between inverter terminals R(L1), S(L2), and T(L3).		(1) Tighten.	(2) Visual inspection.		
Inspection cycle	Periodic					7	7	7	7	
Inspe	Daily	7		7	7				-	
Inspection content		Check ambient temperature, humidity, dust, corrosive gases, oil mist, etc.		Check for abnormal vibrations and noise.	Check the input line voltage.	(1) Insulation resistance test (between main circuit terminals and grounding terminal)	(2) Check installation for looseness.	(3) Check for evidence of overheating in the various components.	(4) Clean.	
Inspection item		Ambient environment		Devices overall	Power supply voltage	Overall	,			
Inspection	location	Overall				Main circuit				

Daily Inspection and Periodic Inspection (2/3)

Standard	replacement instruments	lities.		Jycais	(NOTE)	(NOTE)	(NOTE)	(NOTE) 2 - 3 years	(NOTE) 2 - 3 years
Critoria		No abnormalities.	f No abnormalit	<u> </u>	.(7)	(1) No abnormalities.	(1) No abnorn (1) No abnorn	(1) No abnormalitie	(1) No abnorm (1) No abnorm (1) Smooth rol
Inspection method		Visual inspection	Visual inspection of No abnormalities in (1) and	(1) and (2).		(1) Aural inspection.	(1) Aural inspection (1) No abnormalities.	(1) Aural inspection (1) Visual inspection (1) Rotate manually with power off.	(1) Aural inspection. (1) Visual inspection with power off. (2) Increase tightening
Inspection cycle	Daily Periodic	7		···		7	7 7	7 7	7 7
Inspe	Daily		7		7				
Inspection content	J	No damage.	(1) Check for leaking	(2) Check for swelling	0	(1) Check for stuttering noise when operating	(1) Check for stuttering nois when operating (1) Check for large cracks or changes in color	(1) Check for stuttering nois when operating (1) Check for large cracks or changes in color (1) Check for abnormal vibrations and noise	(1) Check for stuttering nois when operating (1) Check for large cracks or changes in color changes in color vibrations and noise
Inspection item	4	Terminal block	Smoothing	capacitoi		Relays	Relays Resistors	Relays Resistors Cooling fan	Relays Resistors Cooling fan
Inspection	location	Main							

Daily Inspection and Periodic Inspection (3/3)

Instruments									
Standard replacement	period	[5 years (NOTE)	7 years		
Criteria		(1) Within 2% voltage difference between phases.	(2) Operate without any abnormalities.	No abnormalities			Normal operation	Display can be read out.	
Inspection method		(1) Measure the voltage between the phases of inverter output terminals U(T1), V(T2), and W(T3).	(2) Simulate operation of the inverter protection circuit.	Visual inspection		Visual inspection	Visual inspection		
Inspection cycle	Daily Periodic	7	7	7	7				
Inspec	Daily					7	7	7	7
Increction content		(1) Check the balance of the output voltage of individual phases when operating the inverter independently.	(2) Conduct a sequence protection operation test, and make sure that there are no errors in the protection and display circuits.	(1) No abnormal odor or changes in color.	(2) No significant corrosion.	No fluid leakage or deformation.	(1) No illegible display	(2) No lack of character	(3) No blown out LEDs
Inchesting in the material in	Inspection team	Operation check		Compo- Overall	cneck, including printed-	boards Capacitor	Digital operation	panel	
Inspection	location	C atrol circuit					Display		

NOTE: The life of capacitor will be affected by the amibient temperature. See Appendix 3 Capacitor Life Curve.

11.3 Measurement Method for I/O Voltage, Current, and Power

General measuring instruments for I/O voltage, current, and power are indicated below. The voltage to be measured is the fundamental wave effective voltage and the power to be measured is the total effective value.

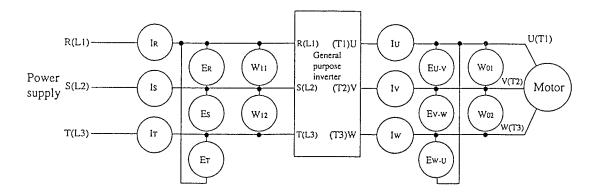


Table 3 Parts to be measured

Measurement item	Parts to be measured	Me	easuring instrument	Remarks	Reference value
Supply voltage E ₁	Between L1 and L2, L2 and L3, L3 and L1 (ER) (Es) (ET)	*	Moving-iron type voltmeter or rectifier type voltmeter	Fundamental wave effective value	Commercial supply voltage 3ø 200 V class 200-220 V 50 Hz 200-230 V 60 Hz 3ø 400 V class 380-415 V 50 Hz 400-460 V 60 Hz
Supply current I ₁	L1, L2, L3 (IR)(IS)(IT)	*	Moving-iron type ammeter	Total effective value	
Supply power W ₁	Between L1 and L2, L2 and L3 (W11)(W12)		Electrodynamic type wattmeter	Total effective value	
Supply power factor Pf Pf	Calculate the supply power supply current I_1 and suppl $Pf_1 = \frac{W_1}{\sqrt{3} \cdot E_1 \cdot I_1} \times 100(\%)$	y power		voltage, E ₁ ,	
Output voltage E ₀	Between T1 and T2, T2 and T3, T3 and T1 (EU)(EV)(EW)	→	Rectifier type voltmeter	Total effective value	
Output current I ₀	U(T1), V(T2), W(T3) (IU)(IV)(IW)	*	Moving-iron type ammeter	Total effective value	
Output power W ₀	Between U and V, V and W(W01)(W02)		Electronic type wattmeter	Total effective value	
Output power factor Pf ₀	Calculate the output power and output power W. $Pf_0 = \frac{W_0}{\sqrt{3} \cdot E_0 \cdot I_0} \times 100(\%)$		m the output voltage E, c	output current I,	

NOTE 1: Use a meter indicating a fundamental wave effective value for voltage, and meters indicating total effective values for current and power.

NOTE 2: The inverter output waveform is a distorted wave, and low frequencys may cause errors. However, the measuring instruments and methods indicated above provide comparatively accurate values.

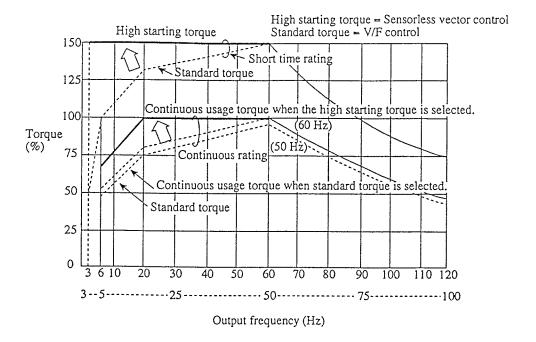
NOTE 3: A tester (general purpose) may not be suited often to measurement of a distorted wave.

12. STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS

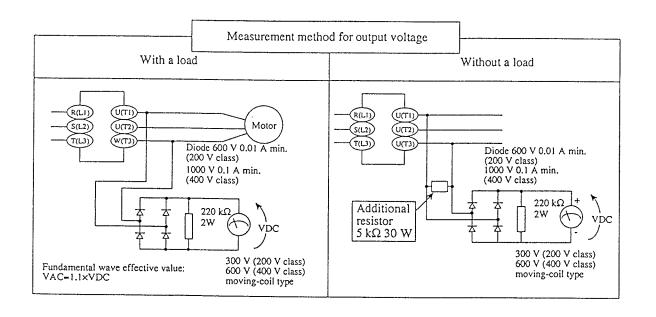
	Model designation (J100-)	002LFU2 (002LF2)	004LFU2 (004LF2)	007LFL (007LF	2 015LFU2 (015LF2)	022LFU2 (022LF2)	037LFU (037LF2	2 015HFU2) (015HF2)	022HFU2 (022HF2)	037HFL (037HF	
Protective structure		(002LF2) (004LF2) (007LF2) (015LF2) (022LF2) (037LF2) (015HF2) (022HF2) (037HF2 IP20 (NOTE 1)									
Maximum motor size (4P, HP)(NOTE 2)		_	3/4	1	2	3	5	2	3	5	
Maxim		0.5	1.0	1.7	2.6	3.6	5.7				
(kVA)		0.6	1.2	2.0	3.0	4.2	6.6			1	
	400 V							2.6	3.7	6.0	
	460 V							3.0	4.2	6.9	
Rated in	nput AC voltage	Single-p 50/60 H		to 220 V	7/200 to 230) V ±10%	,		ase 380 to 4 0%, 50/60 I		
Rated o	utput voltage (V) (NOTE 3)		hase 200 onds to i		age.)				se 400 to 4 nds to input		
Rated o	utput current (A)	1.5	3	5	7.5	10.5	16.5	3.8	5.3	8.6	
Output 1	frequency range (NOTE 4)	0.5 to 360 Hz									
Frequen	ncy accuracy	±0.01% of the maximum frequency Analog ±0.2% (25 ±10°C)									
Frequen	cy setting resolution	0.01 Hz									
Voltage	frequency characteristics	V/F any type possible, High starting torque, standard starting torque (constant torque, reduced torque)									
Overloa	d current capacity	150%, 60 seconds									
Accelera	ation/deceleration time	0.1 to 999 seconds, individually set (independent settings from 0.1 to 2999.9 seconds are possible when the remote operator is used.)									
Starting	torque (NOTE 5)	150% or	more (3 I	łz)							
Braking Dynamic braking (NOTE 6) torque Feedback to capacitor		Approx. 100% (50 Hz) Approx. 50% (60 Hz) Approx. 30% (60 Hz)					Approx. 20%				
	Dynamic braking using external regenerative resistor	150% 100%									
	DC injection braking	Braking is ON at the min. frequency or less. Braking can be selected by the remote operator. (Min. frequency, operative frequency, brake time and brake force can be set.)									

			0001 E170	00 AT TT 20	OOM TIVE	OFST ELLO	Onat Erra	0271 E132	VI ZAILITO	02201:2	027115110		
	Model desig	mation (J100+)	(002LF2)	(004LFU2 (004LF2)	(007LF02 (007LF2)	(015LF2)	(022LFU2 (022LF2)	(037LF02 (037LF2)	(015HF2)	(022HF2)	(037HF2)		
Input signals	Frequency setting	Digital operator	Settings	with 🛕	Ÿ					····			
Input signals Frequency setting Digital operator Settings with Δ ▼	pedance 30 kΩ)												
	reverse	Digital operator	RUN/	STOP sw	itch (The	forward rı	ın (FW) w	hen shipp	ed from th	e factory)			
		FW command	FW/ST()P						10.71.20.0			
	Intelligent i	nput terminal	CF2: CI CF3: CI STN: Ir 2CH: C EXT: E	hange of m hange of m hitial settir hange of 2 xternal tri	nulti-stage nulti-stage ng SET: 2 accel/de p terminal	e second s third spe Change o cel speed USP: U	peed ed DB: I f second s FRS: Fr JSP functi	External Detting funder run inp	B input	ed.			
	Intelligent o	output terminal	RUN: R	AR: Frequency arrival signal RUN: RUN signal OL: Overload previous notice siganl						<u></u>			
	Frequency	monitoring	Analog i	Analog meter (0 - 10 VDC I mA full-scale) Selection of the digital frequency signal or analog output current monitor.									
Fault ala	rm contact		ON whe	n the inve	rter is abn	ormal (1c	contact)						
Other ch	naracteristics		DC volta	age monito	oring, out								
Protection	on functions								ıl, tempera	ture abnor	mality,		
specifi-	Ambient te	mperature			ipanese ve	ersion of J	100 ₂ serie	es, -10 to 5	0°C when	cover is re	emoved.)		
Cations	Humidity		20 to 90	% RH (no	dew cond	iensation)							
	Vibrations		5.9 m/S ²	2 (0.6G) 10) - 55 Hz		ion)						
	Operation 1	ocation	1,000 m	eter or les	s altitude,	indoors (r	no corrosi	ve gas or o	dust)				
	Paint color		Gray	1,000 meter or less altitude, indoors (no corrosive gas or dust) Gray									
Options			for impr	oving pow									
Estimate	ed mass (kg)		1.2	1.3	1.6	1.9	3.3	3.4	3.3	3.4	3.4		

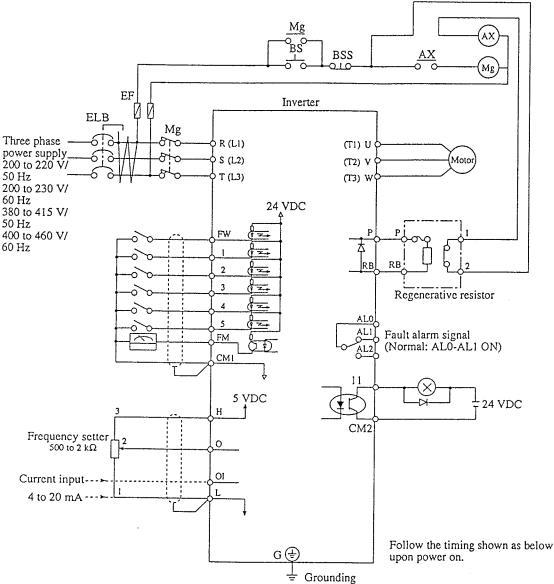
- NOTE 1: Protective structure is based upon JEM1030 (1977). IP40 for J100-LF2 series (200 V class, Japanese version)
- NOTE 2: The applicable motor is a general-purpose motor rated at 230 V (60 Hz) or 460 V (60 Hz).
- NOTE 3: The output voltage will decrease if input voltage decreases.
- NOTE 4: Confirm with the motor manufacturer the motors maximum rpm when using a motor running at frequency higher than 50/60 Hz.
- NOTE 5: When using the standard four-pole motor, select the high start torque (SLV) at the rated voltage of the motor.
- NOTE 6: Torque will be reduced when the base frequency exceeds 50/60 Hz.



NOTE: Using the Hitachi standard four-pole motor



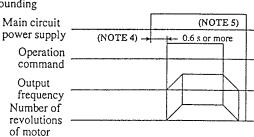
Terminal Connection Diagram



NOTE 1: Common terminal for each terminal is different.

Terminal name	FW, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, FM	H, O, OI	11
Common	CM1	L	CM2

NOTE 2: The regenerative resistor has a temperature sensor.
When it works, turn off power supply to the inverter or set the deceleration time longer.

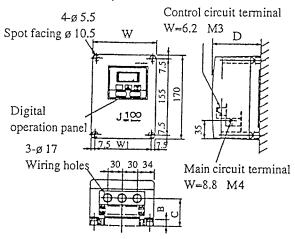


NOTE 3: When the operation command is input first and the main circuit power is turned ON, a direct start results and a trip occurs.

NOTE 4: Do not input the operation command simultaneously when the main circuit is turned on.

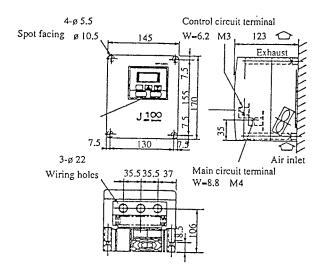
NOTE 5: Do not turn OFF the main circuit power during running.

Dimension Diagram J100-002LFU2/004LFU2/007LFU2 (J100-002LF2/004LF2/007LF2)

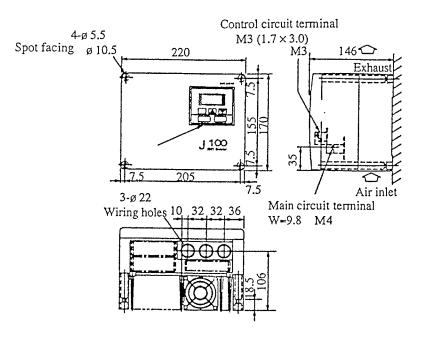


	W	W1	D	C	В
J100-002LFU2 (J100-002LF2)	128	113	93	55	14.5
J100-004LFU2 (J100-004LF2)	128	113	93	55	14.5
J100-007LFU2 (J100-007LF2)	145	130	103	69	18.5

J100-015LFU2 (J100-015LF2)

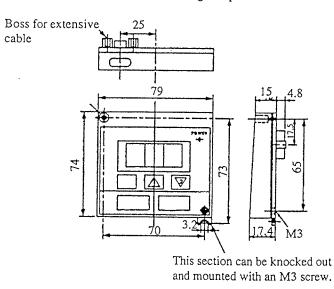


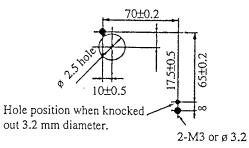
J100-022LFU2/037LFU2/015HFU2/022HFU2/037HFU2 (J100-022LF2/037LF2/015HF2/022HF2/037HF2)

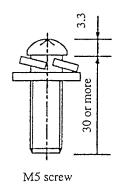


NOTE: Vent covers are provided to Japanese version J100-002 thru 037LF2

Digital operator





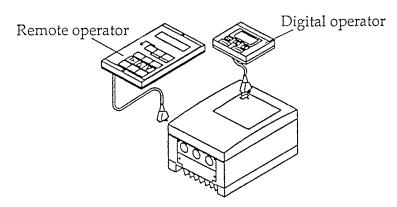


Model	l
J100-002LFU2 J100-004LFU2	25 or more
J100-007LFU2	
J100-037LFU2 J100-015HFU2	30 or more
J100-037HFU2	

13. FUNCTIONS WHEN USING THE OPTIONAL REMOTE OPERATOR

13.1 Connecting the remote operator

Be sure to turn the power supply off when connecting the connector.



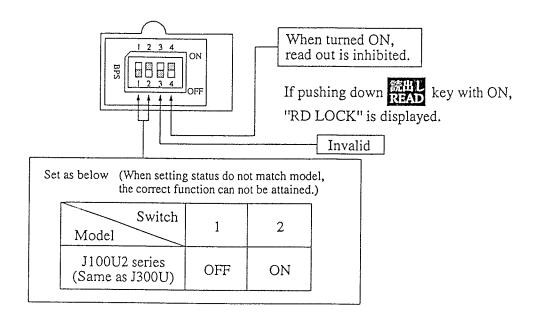
- (1) Insert the connector straight into the remote operator and inverter unit printed-circuit board.
- (2) Turn on the power supply.
- (3) Make sure that the liquid crystal display of the remote operator is lit.

When the power supply of the inverter is turned on, FS000.0.... of the monitoring mode will be displayed. If, however, any of the following is displayed when the inverter is turned off, they will be displayed when power is turned on again.

• Frequency setting, multi-speed setting or other frequency displays, motor rotational speed display, frequency conversion display, or output current display.

NOTE: See the operation manual of the remote operator for instructions.

In addition, see the following pages for details on its various functions. Set the dipswitches mounted on the backside of the remote operator and copy unit as below.



Y: Setting can be changed during operation
N: Setting cannot be changed during operation
-: Display only

Monitoring mode displays (when the remote operator is used)

Display sequence	Monitor name	Display content	Standard setting	Setting range	Setting and change are possible?	Remarks	Digital operator
1	Frequency setting and output frequency	FS00.0 = 000.0Hz	0.000	000.0 to 375.0	Y	(1) displays the setting. (2) displays the	Monitoring
	Multistage-speed	1S005.0 005.0Hz	005.0			output. ightharpoonup is displayed when run instruction is ON. F. Forward run R: Reverse run	F1 Setting: F2
	setting and out- put frequency	2S020.0 020.0Hz	020.0				
		3S040.0 040.0Hz	040.0				
		4S000.0 000.0Hz				Displayed during multistage operation.	
	Expansion	5S000.0 000.0Hz	000			manistage operation:	
	multistage speed	6S000.0 : 000.0Hz	000				
		7S000.0 000.0Hz					
2	Acceleration time setting	ACCEL-1 0010.0S	10.0 (15.0)	0.1 to 2999.9	Y		F6
3	Deceleration time setting	DECEL-1 0010.0S	10.0 (15.0)	0.1 to 2999.9	Y		F7
4	2-stage acceleration time setting	ACCEL-2 0001.0S	1.0	0.1 to 2999.9	Y		A18
5	2-stage deceleration time setting	DECEL-2 001.0S	1.0	0.1 to 2999.9	Y		A19
6	Frequency setting command	F-SET-M Remote	Remote	Remote Terminal	И	REMOTE: Setting from the remote operator	
7	Operation command method	F/R-SW Remote	Remote	Remote Terminal	И	TERMINAL: Setting from the inverter terminal	F9
8	Revolution speed display	RPM 4P 00000RPM	4	2 to 48	Y	Synchronized speed display	N.A.
9	Output current display	If A Im000.0%	_	1.5 to 23	Y	(1) displays the rated current of the inverter (2) displays output current	Monitoring: F1
10	DC voltage display	PN-V 000V	_	-	-		Monitoring: F1
11	Manual torque boost adjustment	V-Boost Code<11>	11	00 to 99	Y		F8
12	Output voltage gain adjustment	V-Gain 100%	100	50 to 100	Y		N.A.
13	Analog meter adjustment	M-ADJ 72	72	01 to 99	Y		F10
14	Failure display	# ? ERROR Over V.	-		-	#: Normal operation, Alarm content takes precedence over all other displays.	Eπ
15	Trip history monitor	? ERR COUNT 000		-		Displays three alarms of the past (Voltage and current upon alarm)	Err (count excluded)

NOTE: When data is changed, be sure to press the key. (Otherwise, the changed data may not be stored.)

The following functions can be obtained with connection of J-100-series to the remote operator (DOP) or the copy unit (DRW). However, selection is limited within the terminal functions.

Function mode

Display sequence	No.	Function name	Display (Function	content mode 2)	Standard setting	Setting range	Remarks	Digital operator
1	F-00	V/F pattern setting	CONTROL	VF	VF	SLVI, SLV2 or VF	High starting torque (SLV1, SLV2) standard starting torque (VF)	A0, A1, A2 A62, A63, F5
2	F-01	Maximum frequency adjustment	±Fmax.	000.0 Hz	0	0 to 15 (Hz)	Adjustment against the maximum frequency set at F-00	A3
3	F-02	Start frequency adjustment	<u>F</u> min.	000.5 Hz	0.5	0.5 to 5.0 (Hz)		A4
4	F-03	Maximum frequency limiter setting	<u>H</u> -LIM-F	000.0 Hz	0	0 to 375 (Hz)	Set the maximum and minimum set frequency. (NOTE 1)	A5
5	F-04	Minimum frequency limiter setting	<u>L</u> -LIM-F	000.0 Hz	0	0 to 375 (Hz)	When 0 is set. : Not valid	A6
6	F-05	Multistage-speed first speed setting	Speed-1	005.0 Hz	5	0 to 375 (Hz)	Setting the multistage speed Control circuit terminal Set	A12
7	F-06	Multistage-speed second speed setting	Speed-2	020.0 Hz	20	0 to 375 (Hz)	1 2 3 frequency ON OFF (1S) F-05 OFF ON OFF (2S) F-06	A13
8	F-07	Multistage-speed third speed setting	Speed-3	040.0 Hz	40	0 to 375 (Hz)	ON ON (3S) F-07 ON OFF (4S) F-08 OFF ON (5S) F-09	A14
9	F-08	Multi-stage-speed fourth speed setting	Speed-4	000.0 Hz	0	0 to 375 (Hz)	ON ON ON (6S) F-10 OFF OFF (7S) F-11	A15
10	F-09	Multistage-speed fifth speed setting	Speed-5	000.0 Hz	0	0 to 375 (Hz)	(NOTE 1)	A16
11	F-10	Multistage-speed sixth speed setting	Speed-6	000.0 Hz	0	0 to 375 (Hz)		A17
12	F-11	Multistage-speed seventh speed setting	Speed-7	000.0 Hz	0	0 to 375 (Hz)		A71
13	F-12	DC braking frequency adjustment	E-DCB	000.5 Hz	0.5	0.5 to 375 (Hz)	Set the starting frequency to perform DC braking.	A20
14	F-13	DC braking force adjustment	<u>V</u> -DCB	010	010	000 to 036 (000 to 020)	Set the DC braking force Maximum is at 020.	A21

Display sequence	No.	Function name	Display (Functio	content n mode 2)	Standard setting	Setting range	Remarks	Digital operator
15	F-14	DC braking time adjustment	<u>T</u> -DCB	000.0 S	1 (s)	00 to 600 (S)	Set the DC braking time. If 0 is set, no DC braking.	A22
16	F-15	level adjustment	E-therm	100%	100 (%)	120 to 20 (%)		A23
17	F-16	Acceleration selection (Linear, S-curve)	ACCline	Linear	Linear	Linear		A28
18	F-17	Deceleration selection (Linear, S-curve)	DECline	Linear	Linear	S-curve		A29
19	F-18	External frequency setting start	E-START	000.0 Hz	0 (Hz)	0 to 375 (Hz)	Set the relationship of the output frequency against the frequency	A26
20	F-19	External frequency setting end	E-END	000.0 Hz	0 (Hz)	0 to 375 (Hz)	setting from the terminal. F-START: Minimum set frequency F-END: Maximum set frequency	A27
			<u>S</u> WITCH1	DCB OFF		DCB ON/OFF	① DC braking Yes/No	A55
			SWITCHI	FM ANA		FM ANA/DIG	② Frequency monitor: Analog meter/Digital meter	A50
			<u>S</u> WITCH!	fmax 120		Imax 120/360	③ Switch the maximum frequency 120/360 Hz	A64
21	F-20	Switch selection 1	SWITCHI	PWER ALM	See the	PWER ALM/ZST	Trip/Retry function (Restart upon undervoltage) (NOTE 2)	A34
			SWITCHI	DIOP FWD		DIOP FWD/REV	Switch the motor revolution direction with the digital operator	F4
			<u>S</u> WITCH1	FWD ON		FWD ON/OFF	© Direction of the motor revolution ON/OFF (Forward)	A41
			SWITCHI	REV ON		REV ON/OFF	① Direction of the motor revolution ON/OFF (Reverse)	A42
			<u>S</u> WITCH1	OLMT ON		OLMT ON/OFF	Overload limiter	A32

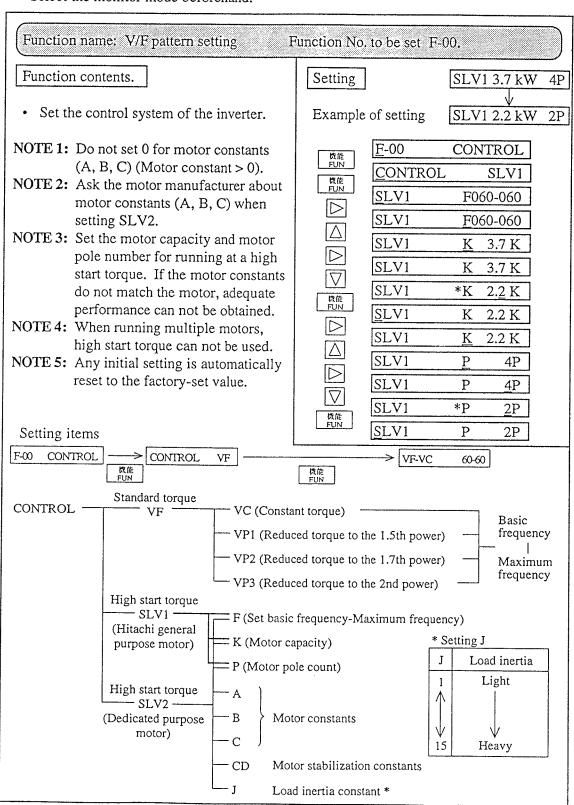
Display sequence	No.	Function name		y content in mode 2)	Standard setting	Setting range	Remarks	Digital operator
			SWITCH2	DB LVL		DB EDG/LVL	DC braking edge/level selection	A56
			SWITCH2	STOP ON		STOP ON/OFF	2) STOP key is effective when external run is selected.	A43
			SWITCH2	Ethm 000		Ethm 000/100	3 Electronic Thermal relay is selected.	A24
			SWITCH2	SLOK OFF		SLOK OFF/ON	4 Setting frequency in software lock (Invalid from the terminal)	A53
22	F-21	Switch selection 2	SWITCH2	AIN 5V		AIN 5V/10V	Setting voltage for analog input. NOTE: Even if either VOL or CIJR is selected, the total output frequency of both analog input signals is displayed.	A48
			SWITCH2	AIN TER	See the	AIN TER/PAN	6 Be sure to select TER.	N.A.
			SWITCH3	SOFTFREE	left	SOFT LOCK/FREE	(NOIE 3)	A84
23	F-22	Switch selection 3	SWITCH3	FARV 2		FARV 1/2	Selection of frequency arrival (2: Set frequency i: Any frequency)	A49
			SWITCH3	TRIP OFF		TRIP OFF/ON	3 Selection of neglect of undervoltage trip upon stop	A35
			SWITCH3	DEBG OFF		DEBG OFF/ON	4) Must be OFF.	N.A.
			SWITCH3	TCNT CN	r	CNT/CLR	5) Trip history clear selection	A57
24	F-23	Switch selection 4	SWITCH4	MON FM		MON FM/CUR	Monitoring selection FM: Frequency monitoring CUR: Current monitoring	A51
			<u>\$</u> WITCH5	RUN 1		RUN 1/2	RUN signal output selection 1: Output during operation 2: Output during operation and DC braking	A52
25	F-24	Switch selection 5	<u>S</u> WITCH5	AVR ON		AVR ON/OFF	② AVR value delection for deceleration ON: The AVR value is the same as the V-SET value. OFF: An optional AVR value can be delected by DEC-V	A36
			SWITCH5	LAD ON		LAD ON/OFF	3 LAD stop function selection ON: LAD stop sunction (NOTE 4) OFF: No LAD stop function	A33
			SWITCH5	RVS ON		RVS ON/OFF	Reduced voltage start ON/OFF	A58

Display sequence	No.	Function name	Display (Function	content mode 2)	Standard setting	Setting range	Remarks	Digital operator
26	F-25	Overload limiter constant setting	LM.CONS	150%01.0	150 (%) /1.0	50 to 150 (%) /0.3 to 31.0 (NOTE 5)	Set the overload limit level and deceleration time	A31, A85
27	F-26	Allowable under- voltage time setting	<u>I</u> PS-T	001.0 S	1.0 (S)	0.3 to 3.0 (S)		A82
28	F-27	Standby time after undervoltage setting	<u>I</u> PS-R-T	0010.0 S	10.0 (S)	0.3 to 100.0 (S)		A83
29	F-28	Dynamic braking usage ratio setting	BRD-%ED	05.0%	5.0 (%)	0.1 to 31.0 (%) (NOTE 6)	Set the allowable usage ratio of regenerative resistor to over 100 seconds	A38
30	F-29	Frequency arrival setting	SPD-ARV A		ACC 100%	ACC or DEC 0 to 100 %	Rate to the maximum frequency which is set in Item F-00 or F-01	A39 A40
	1	Carrier frequency setting	CARRIER	16 kHz	16	5, 8, 12, 16 (kHz)		A10
	_	Input voltage setting	Y-SET SPD-ARV A	230V ACC100%	230 (460) (NOTE 8)	200, 220, 230, 240 V [380, 400, 415,] 440, 460, 480]	Set the motor voltage (NOTE 7)	F11, F5
33	F-32	AVR voltage selection for deceleration	DEC-V	230V	230 (460) (NOTE 8)	200, 220, 230 240, 250, 270 000 V [380, 400, 415,]	This is effective when AVR OFF is selected in Item of Switch selection 5. *When AVR OFF is selected, the cursor will not move. (NOTE 7)	A37
34	F-33	Jump frequency 1	JUMP-F1	000,0Hz	0	0 to 375 (Hz)	Up to 3 locations can be set. 0 means invalid.	A7
35	F-34	Jump frequency 2	JUMP-F2	000.0Hz	0	0 to 375 (Hz)		A8
36	F-35	Jump frequency 3	JUMP-F3	000.0Hz	0	0 to 375 (Hz)		A9
37	F-36	Jump frequency width	JMP-WID	0.5Hz	0.5	0 to 9.9 (Hz)		A68
38	F-37	Overload previous notice level	<u>O</u> Lalarm	150%	150	50 to 150 (%)	ON level of overload previous notice signal	A30
39	F-38	Input terminal 1	<u>I</u> N-TM 1	CF I			REV: Reverse running command	C0
	t terminal setting	Input terminal 2	IN-TM 2	USP (NOTE 9)		REV/CF1/CF2 CF3/DB/STN	CF1: 1st multispeed switching CF2: 2nd multispeed switching	CI
	nal sc	Input terminal 3	IN-TM 3	2CH	Same as left	SET/2CH/FRS EXT/USP/RS	CF3: 3rd multispeed switching DB: External DB input	C2
	crmir	Input terminal 4	IN-TM 4	RS		777	STN: Initialization SET: 2nd setting function	C3
	iput t	Input terminal 5	IN-TM 5	REV			switching 2CH: 2-stage acceleration and	C4
	inal ir	Input terminal I NO/NC setting	IN-TM O/	C-1 NO			deceleration switching FRS: Free run input EXT: External trip terminal	
		Input terminal 2 NO/NC setting	<u>I</u> N-TM O/	C-2 NC (NOTE 10)	Same		USP: USP function RS: Reset input SFT: Software lock input	C20
	tellige	Input terminal 3 NO/NC setting	<u>I</u> N-TM 0/0	C-3 NO	as left	NO/NC	NO: a contact NC: b contact	
	- 1	Input terminal 4 NO/NC setting	<u>I</u> N-TM 0/0	C-4 NO			When the corresponding terminal is the [RS] terminal, only the NO operation is per-	
		Input terminal 5 NO/NC setting	IN-TM O/	C-5 NO			formed. (Even when NC is set, * display remains but the sett- ing is returned to NO.)	

Display sequence	No.	Function name	Display content (Function mode 2)	Standard setting	Setting range	Remarks	Digital operator
40	F-39	Output terminal 11	OUT-TM 1 AR	AR	AR/RUN/OL	AR: Speed arrival signal RUN: During on-line signal	C10
	Intelligent terminal output terminal sett	Output terminal 11 NO/NC setting	QUT-TM O/C-1 NC	NO	NO/NC	OL: Overload previous notice signal NO: a contact	G01
	Intellige output te	Alarm output NO/NC setting	OUT-TM O/C-A NC	NC	NOME	NC: b contact	C21
41	F-40	External frequency command input sampling count setting	<u>S</u> AMP-F 08	08	1 to 8 (times)	When the frequency is low, the external frequency command may malfunction due to noise.	A11

- NOTE 1: In the case of standard setting, up to 135 Hz (120 Hz + 15 Hz) can be set. When (3) the maximum frequency to be switched by Switch Selection 1 in the standard mode F-20 is set to 360 Hz, up to 375 Hz (360 Hz + 15 Hz) can be set. When a high frequency is to be selected, please sufficiently examine the mechanical strength of the motor and load. Particularly the general purpose motor is designed at 50 or 60 Hz. Therefore, when the running frequency is more than it, contact the manufacturer of motor beforehand.
- NOTE 2: In the case of retry, the starting frequency is 0.
- NOTE 3: Even in the enabled state, when the software lock terminal [SFT] is on, the equipment is in the disabled state.
- NOTE 4: When the current becomes more than 150% of the rating of load current, the acceleration and deceleration will be halted.
- NOTE 5: When the deceleration time is set to 31.0 by F-25 LM CONS, this function will not be performed.
- NOTE 6: When F-28 BRD-%ED is set to 31%, the damping circuit will not be operated.
- NOTE 7: When F-24 switch 5 AVR is ON, the value of F-32 DEC-V is forcibly set to the value of F-31 V-SET.
- NOTE 8: Standard setting of J100₂ series is 200 (400).
- NOTE 9: Standard setting of J100₂ series is CF2.
- NOTE 10: Standard setting of J100₂ series is NO.

- Function mode operation when using the remote operator
 - 1. After data is changed, be sure to push down the key.
 - 2. Change data when the inverter is stopped. No data can be changed when the inverter is tripped and stopped.
 - 3. In the function mode, the motor can not be started running. Select the monitor mode beforehand.

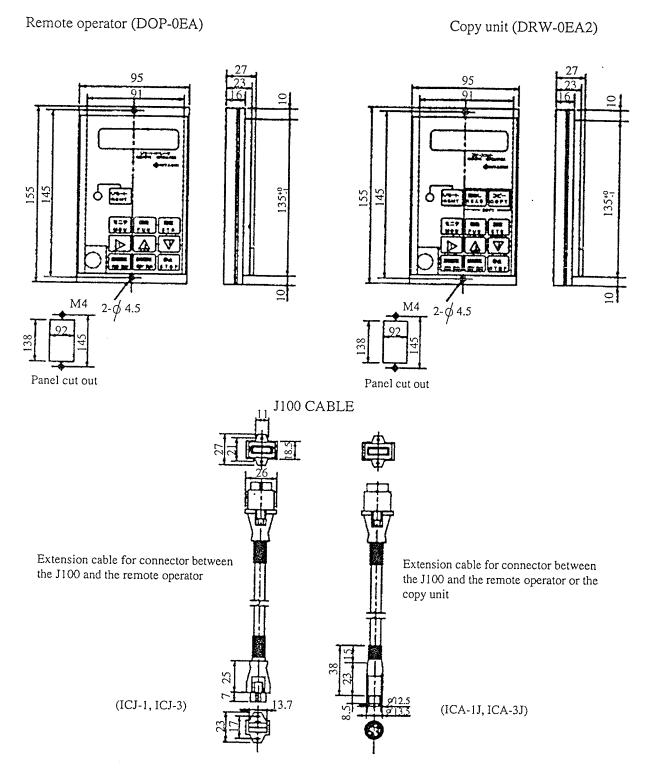


Protective function displayed when using the remote operator

Description	Contents		Display		
Power module	When output of an inverter is short circuited or the motor is locked, a large current flows through the	Constant speed	PM. Drive		
protection	inverter and causes a fault. When the current flowing through the power module or a temperature abnormal-	Dec.	PM. Decel		
	ity of the main devices comes to certain level, the output is cut off.	Acc.	PM. Accel		
Over-		Stop	PM. ERR		
current	The output current of the inverter is detected. When it exceeds the specified value, the output is turned off.	Constant speed	OC. Drive		
protection (NOTE1)		Dec.	OC. Decel		
		Acc.	OC. Accel		
0 1 1		Stop	OC. ERR		
Overload protection (NOTE1)	When a motor overload is detected the inverter's built in the detects it and the output of the inverter is cut off.	ermostat	Over. L		
Braking resistor overload	When regenerative braking resistor exceeds the usage time overvoltage caused by the stop of the BRD function is detected output of the inverter is cut off.	ratio, an cted, and	OL. BRD		
Over- voltage protection	When the converter voltage exceeds a certain level due to renergy from the motor, this protection function engages, are of inverter is cut off.	Over. V			
	This is an error display when the voltage supplied to the ir ceeds the specified value.	OV. SRC			
EEPROM error	When the memory built in has problem by noise and excess ture rise, protective function works and output of inverter i	EEPROM			
Under- voltage protection	A decrease of the input voltage of an inverter results in improper func- tion of the control circuit. It also generates motor heat and causes low				
CT error	When a large noize source is near the inverter or an abnorm on built-in CT, the output of the inverter is cut off.	ality occurs	CT		
CPU error	Malfunction or abnormality on built in CPU and the output inverter is cuts off.	of the	СРИ		
External trip	An abnormality signal from external equipment cuts off the inverter. (When the external trip function is selected)	EXTERNAL			
USP error	It indicates an error when power is turned on while the inverse. (When USP function is selected)	USP			
Ground fault protection	The inverter is protected by detection of ground fault betwe inverter output and the motor upon power on. There may be the possibility of power module failure.	en the	GND Flt		

NOTE1: If a trip occurs, press the reset key after an elapse of 10 seconds to restore the inverter.

Dimension (unit:mm)



NOTE 1: Shape of the cable for the J100U series is different from that of the VWS3D and VWAU. Only the cable can be provided when changing the cable.

Copy unit function

Op	Operation example (Procedure to transfer the data of inverter A to B,C, and D inverters)						
Se- quence	Operation	Key	Operation result				
1	Set data is read out from the inverter A (It is stored into the memory.	読出し READ	Inverter A Copy unit				
2	Turn off the power supply to inverter A and remove the cable.						
3	Connect the cable to inverter B and turn on the power.						
4	Copy data stored in the copy unit is written to inverter B.	コピー COPY (* 1)					
5	Cut off the power supply to inverter B. (* 1)		Inverter B Inverter C Inverter D				
6	Perform the above processes from 3 to 5 sequentially for inverters C and D. That is, the same process as at for inverter B.		unit (150) 160) 160				

	Operation example (Process to char	nge and transfer	to inverters B, C and D)
1	Connect the cable and press the remote key. Change the data of the inverter with copy unit.	モニタ 機能 記憶 MON FUN STR	Copy unit Inverter A Data change
2 to 6	Read out the data from inverter A (It is stored into the memory area of the copy unit). The following procedures are the same those of the operation 1. Change the data setting first.	読出し READ	Jra Inverter A Copy unit

*1 When pressing any key or resetting the unit after the COPY key is pressed, be sure to wait for at least six seconds. (When any key is pressed, the unit is reset, or the power is turned off within six seconds, the data may not be copied.)

- NOTE 1: The following settings cannot be copied by the copy function. Note that the current set data is saved as it is.
 - Monitor mode

Analog meter adjustment

Trip history monitor

(Counts of latest three alarms)

- Function mode
 - F-23 Switch selection 4
 - F-24 Switch selection 5
 - F-32 AVR voltage selection for deceleration
 - F-33 Jump frequency 1
 - F-34 Jump frequency 2
 - F-35 Jump frequency 3
 - F-36 Jump frequency width
 - F-37 Overload previous notice level
 - F-38 Intelligent input terminal setting
 - F-39 Intelligent output terminal setting
 - F-40 Setting of exterminal frequency command sampling times
- NOTE 2: Do not copy the setting from the 200 V class to the 400 V class or from the 400 V class to the 200 V class. (When the setting is copied to a different voltage class by mistake, reset F-31 V-SET (motor voltage setting).)
- NOTE 3: Do not copy the setting from the Japanese version to the European or American version or from the European or American version to the Japanese version.
- NOTE 4: When the V/f control setting data is copied from a different capacity (for example, copied from J100-004LFU2 to J100-022LFU2), change the kW setting of F-00 CONTROL to the kW value of the applied motor.

14. SERVICE

When inquiring about inverter trouble, please be ready to inform the shop where you purchased your unit or the nearest service station the following.

- (1) Type
- (2) Purchased date
- (3) Manufacturing No. (MFG. No.)
- (4) Malfunction symptoms

If the contents are unclear due to an old nameplate, give only the clear items. To reduce the non-operation time, it is recommended to stock a spare inverter.

Warranty

The warranty period under normal installation and handling conditions shall be one (1) year after the date of delivery. The warranty shall cover the repair of only the inverter to be delivered.

- 1. Service in the following cases, even within the warranty period, shall be charged to the purchaser.
 - (a) Malfunction or damage caused by misoperation or remodelling or improper repair
 - (b) Malfunction or damage caused by a drop after purchase and transportation
 - (c) Malfunction or damage caused by fire, earthquake, flood, thunderbolt, or other natural calamities, pollution or abnormal voltage.
- 2. When service is required for the product at your worksite, all expenses associated with field repair shall be charged to the purchaser.
- 3. Always keep it handy. Please do not loose it. We are sorry but this manual can not re-issued.

Appendix 1 J100 series data setting values (For the digital operator)

J100 series inverters provide many functions and their parameters can be set by the user. It is recommended to record the parameters that have been set by the user, in order to speed the investigation and repair in the event of a failure.

Inverter model	J100	This information is written on the
MFG. No.		nameplate located on the side cover of the inverter.

For the digital operator

Display sequence	Function name	Standard setting		Set value
		J100U2	J100 ₂	Set value
F1	Setting frequency and output frequency			
F2	Setting output frequency	C	0.0	
F4	Direction of the motor revolution		F	
F5	Setting V/F pattern	08	(00)	
F6	Setting acceleration time	10.0 (15.0)		
F7	Setting deceleration time	10.0 (15.0)		
F8	Setting torque boost	11		
F9	Switch over of the digital operator and terminal mode	03		
F10	Analog meter adjustment	72		
F11	Setting input voltage	230 (460)	200 (400)	
F14	Setting extension function	()	

NOTE: The value in the parentheses is for 400 V class.

(2) Extension Function Mode

Command	Function name	Standard set	tting	_
display	T different hame	J100U2 J	1002	Remarks
A 0	Control method	0		
A 1	Motor capacity setting	NOTE 1		
A 2	Motor poles setting	4		
A 3	Maximum frequency adjustment	0.0		
A 4	Start frequency adjustment	0.5		
A 5	Upper frequency limiter setting	0		
A 6	Lower frequency limiter setting	0		
A 7	Jump frequency setting 1	0		
A 8	Jump frequency setting 2	0		
A 9	Jump frequency setting 3	0		
A10	Carrier frequency setting	16		
A11	Frequency command sampling setting	8		
A12	Multispeed first speed setting	5		
A13	Multispeed second speed setting	20		
A14	Multispeed third speed setting	40		
A15	Multispeed fourth speed setting	0		
A16	Multispeed fifth speed setting	0		
A17	Multispeed sixth speed setting	0		
A18	2-stage acceleration time setting	1.0		
A19	2-stage deceleration time setting	1.0		
A20	DC braking frequency setting	0.5		
A21	DC braking force adjustment	10		
A22	DC braking time adjustment	1		
A23	Electronic thermal level adjustment	100		
A24	Electronic thermal characteristic selection	0		
A26	External frequency setting start	0		
A27	External frequency setting end	0		
A28	Acceleration selection (Linear, S-curve)	0		
A29	Deceleration selection (Linear, S-curve)	0		
A30	Overload previous notice signal setting	150		
A31	Overload limit level setting	150		
A32	Overload limit content selection	0		
A33	LAD stop function setting	0		
A34	Trip/retry function selection	0		
A.35	Trip ignorance selection	0		
A36	AVR voltage setting for deceleration	0		
A37	Motor voltage setting for deceleration	230 (460) 200 ((400)	
A38	Dynamic braking usage ratio	5	-	
	Optional arrival frequency for acceleration	100		

Command	Function name	Standard	setting							
display	T unction hattle	J100U2	J100 ₂	Remarks						
A 40	Optional arrival frquency for deceleration	100		100		100		100		
A41	Forward rotation	1								
A42	Reverse rotation									
A43	Stop key ON/OFF selection	C)							
A48	Analog input selection	0)							
A49	Frequency arival signal output method	2								
A50	Analog/digital meter selection	1								
A51	Frequency/current monitoring selection	0								
A52	RUN signal output selection	1								
A53	Enable/disable of frequency setting for software lock	0								
A55	DC braking ON/OFF selection	0								
A56	DC braking edge/level selection	1	****							
A57	Trip history clear selection	0								
A58	Reduced voltage start selection	1								
A62	Base frequency setting	60								
A63	Maximum frequency setting	60								
A64	Maximum frequency switching	0								
A68	Jump frequency range setting	0.5								
A71	Multispeed seventh speed setting	0.5								
A80	Frequency command adjust. (voltage)	NOTE	7.2							
A81	Frequency command adjust.(current)	NOTE								
A82	Allowable undervoltage time setting	1.0								
A83	Undervoltage retry waiting time	10.0								
A84	Software lock selection	0								
A85	Deceleration rate setting for overload limit	1.0								
C0	Input terminal setting 1	1		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
C1	Input terminal setting 2	10	2							
C2	Input terminal setting 3	7								
C3	Input terminal setting 4	11								
C4	Input terminal setting 5	0								
C10	Output terminal setting	0								
C20	Input terminal a and b contact setting	02	00							
C21	Output terminal a and b contact setting	03	- 00							

NOTE 1: The most applicable motor capacity of the inverter is set.

NOTE 2: The initial setting of each inverter is adjusted when shipped from the factory.

NOTE 3: The value in the parentheses is for 400 V class standard setting.

Appendix 2 J100 series data setting values (For the remote operator)

J100 series inverters provide many functions and their parameters can be set by the user. It is recommended to record the parameters that have been set by the user, in order to speed the investigation and repair in the event of a failure.

Inverter model	J100	This information is written on the
MFG. No.		nameplate located on the side cover of the inverter.

Monitor mode

NO.	Monitor name	Display content	Set value
1	Frequency setting	FS000.0 000.0Hz	
	and output frequency	1S005.0 005.0Hz	
	Multistage speed setting and output	2S020.0 020.0Hz	
	frequency	3S040.0 040.0Hz	·
		4S000.0 000.0Hz	
	Expansion multistage	5S000.0 000.0Hz	
t	speed	6S000.0 000.0Hz	
		7S000.0 000.0Hz	
2	Acceleration time setting	ACCEL-1 010.0S	
3	Deceleration time setting	DECEL-1 010.0S	
4	2-stage acceleration time setting	ACCEL-2 001.0S	
5	2-stage deceleration time setting	DECEL-2 001.0S	
6	Frequency setting command	F-SET-M Remote	
7	Operation command method	F/R-SW Remote	
8	Revolution speed display	RPM 4P 00000RPM	
9	Output current display	If A Im000.0%	
10.	DC current display	PN-V 000V	<u></u>
11	Output voltage gain adjustment	V-Boost Code <11>	
12	Output voltage gain adjustment	V-Gain 100%	
13	Analog meter adjustment	M-ADJ 72	
14	Trip display	#	
		?ERROR Over V.	In case of over voltage tripping
15	Trip history	?ERR COUNT 000	

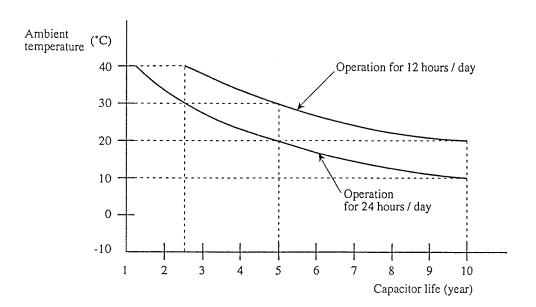
NOTE: The value of 400 V class is 15.0s.

Function mode

Display sequence		Function name	Standard setting J100U2 J1002		Set value
F-00		ern setting		V/F-VC	
			060-060		
F-01		ım frequency adjustment		0	
F-02	Start fre	quency adjustment	0	.5	
F-03	Maximu	im frequency limiter setting		0	<u> </u>
F-04 F-05	Multists	m frequency limiter setting		0	
		ge-speed first speed setting		Hz)	
		ge-speed second speed setting ge-speed third speed setting		Hz)	
	Multieta	ge-speed fourth speed setting		Hz)	
F-09	Multista	ge-speed fifth speed setting		Hz)	
F-10	Multista	ge-speed sixth speed setting		Hz)	
F-11	Multista	ge-speed seventh speed setting		Hz)	
F-12	DC brak	ing frequency adjustment		Hz)	
F-13	DC brak	ing force adjustment		(Hz)	
F-14	DC brak	ing time adjustment	01	1 (S)	
F-15		ic thermal level adjustment	100	1 (S)) (%)	
F-16	Accelera	ation selection(Linear, Curve)		1 (%) near	-
F-17	Decelera	ation selection(Linear, Curve)		near	
F-18	External	frequency setting start		iear Hz)	-
F-19	External	frequency setting end		Hz)	
F-20	**	Set DC braking		OFF	
		Switch of frequency monitor	FM	ANA	
		Switch of the maximum frequency	fmax		
	Switch	Switch of trip and retry		RALM	
	selec-	Switch of the motor direction when using the digital	DIOP		
İ	tion 1	operator	2101	1 11 2	
		Direction of the motor (Forward)	FWD	ON	
		Direction of the motor (Reverse)	REV	ON	
		Overload limiter	OLM		
F-21		DC braking edge/level selection	DB	LVL	
	0 1 1	Stopkey is effective when external run is selected	STOP		
	Switch selec-	Selection of electronic thermal characteristic	Ethm	000	
	tion 2	Selection of software lock	SLOK	OFF	
	tion 2	Setting voltage for analog input	AIN	5V	
		Selection of analog input	AIN	TER	
F-22		Selection of data change	SOFT	FREE	
I	Switch	Selection of frequency arrival	FARV		
	selec-	Selection of neglect of trip	TRIP	OFF	
-	tion 3	Debug mode display		OFF	
E 22	<u> </u>	Trip history clear		CNT	
F-23	Switch selec- tion 4	Monitoring selection	MON	FM	
F-24	Switch	RUN signal output selection	RUN	1	
ļ	selec-	AVR value selection for deceleration	AVR	ON	
	tion 5	LAD stop function selection	LAD	ON	
		Selection of reduced voltage start	RVS	ON	
F-25	Overload	limiter constant	150%		
		le undervoltage time		.0S	
F-27	Stand by	time after undervoltage setting		0.08	
F-28		braking usage ratio setting	5.		
F-29		cy arrival setting		EC 100%	ACC DEC
F-30		requency setting		cHz	
F-31	Input vol	tage setting	230 V	200 V	
			(460 V)	(400 V)	
F-32	AVR vol	tage setting for deceleration	230 V	200 V	
1		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(460 V)	(400 V)	

Display		Standar	Standard setting			
sequence	Function name		J100U2	J100 ₂	Set value	
F-33	Jump frequency 1	Jump frequency 1				
F-34	Jump frequency 2					
F-35	Jump frequency 3			0	······································	
F36	Jump frequency width		0	.5		
F-37	Overload previous not	ice level		0%		
F-38		Input terminal 1		F1		
		Input terminal 2	USP	CF2		
		Input terminal 3	20	CH		
		Input terminal 4	R	.S		
	Intelligent terminal	Input terminal 5	RI	EV		
	input terminal setting	Input terminal 1 NO/NC setting	N	0		
		Input terminal 2 NO/NC setting	NC	NO		
		Input terminal 3 NO/NC setting	N	0		
		Input terminal 4 NO/NC setting	N	0		
	7 177	Input terminal 5 NO/NC setting	N	0		
F-39	Intelligent terminal	Output terminal 11	A	R		
1	output terminal setting	Output terminal 11 NO/NC setting	N	0		
E 40		Alam output NO/NC setting	N			
F-40	External frequency consampling count setting	0	8			

Appendix 3 Capacitor Life Curve



* When the inverter is stored in the panel, the ambient temperature is the temperature in the panel.